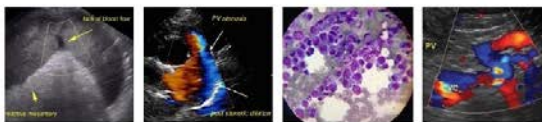


PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Mighty Spisani	newly elevated liver enzymes meds: metacam Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: ALP 1587, ALT 267, rest WNL
SPECIES	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Canine	Urinary System
BREED	The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.
Doodle	Prostate is normal in size, echotexture and echogenicity for a neutered male.
SEX	The right kidney is normal in size (6.06 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
Neutered Male	
AGE	The left kidney is normal in size (6.9 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. Near the caudal pole of the left kidney there is a 1.6 cm x 2.54 cm, heterogeneous, cystic/cavitated nodule.
11 Years	
WEIGHT	Adrenal Glands
23 kg	The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.7 cm long x 1.42 cm at the cranial pole and 0.91 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
INTERPRETED BY	The left adrenal gland is normal in size (2.75 cm long x 0.40 cm at the cranial pole and 0.50 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Spleen
Kelly Reschny	The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.
HOSPITAL NAME	Liver
Headon Forest AH	The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.
REFERRING VET	The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.
Dr. Van Monsjou	
INVOICE	Gastrointestinal
43230	The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.
DATE	The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is mildly distended with echogenic
12/6/22	



PATIENT

Mighty Spisani

non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

SPECIES

Canine

Pancreas

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

BREED

Doodle

Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

SEX

Neutered Male

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

11 Years

- Heterogeneous, partially anechoic/cystic nodule/lesion in the left kidney – Consistent with a possible complicated cyst. However, a renal abscess/granuloma or even infiltrative neoplastic nodule cannot be ruled out.
- Otherwise, relatively unremarkable abdomen with no obvious cause for the reported increased liver enzymes identified in these images. Microscopic disease such as Leptospirosis, bacterial cholangiohepatitis, chronic active hepatitis, copper-associated hepatotoxicity, other hepatotoxicity, infiltrative neoplasia (considered unlikely), etc. cannot be definitively ruled out.

WEIGHT

23 kg

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

Three view thoracic radiographs are recommended for further assessment of cardio-pulmonary status as well as to further evaluate for any evidence of metastatic disease, if not recently evaluated.

Recommendations for the kidney nodule include how aggressive of an approach is elected. The nodule could either be monitored ultrasonographically for evidence of progression, or a fine needle aspirate of the nodule could be considered if patient's coagulation status is appropriate.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reschny

Recommendations for the increased liver enzymes include an "antigen search" for other sources of reactive hepatopathy, including testing for Leptospirosis as well as potentially liver sampling, beginning with a fine needle aspirate if patient's coagulation status is appropriate, or ultimately liver biopsy, including copper level assessment, may be warranted.

HOSPITAL NAME

Headon Forest AH

In the meantime, empirical hepatic nutraceuticals +/- broad-spectrum antibiotics could be considered with monitoring for improvement.

REFERRING VET

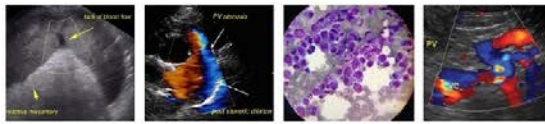
Dr. Van Monsjou

INVOICE

43230

DATE

12/6/22



PATIENT

Mighty Spisani

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Doodle

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

11 Years

WEIGHT

23 kg

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reschny

HOSPITAL NAME

Headon Forest AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Van Monsjou

INVOICE

43230

DATE

12/6/22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
Beth.Johnson@sonopath.com