



PATIENT

Cooper De Assis

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Mild elevation of ALT, intermittent vomiting reported

SPECIES

Canine

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

BREED

Maltese

The right kidney is normal in size (3.83 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. A hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present.

SEX

Neutered Male

The left kidney is normal in size (3.92 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. A hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present.

AGE

2 Years

Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.79 cm at the cranial pole and 0.45 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

WEIGHT

11.4 Pounds

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.33 cm at the cranial pole and 0.34 cm at the caudal pole), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Elaina Petrone

Liver

HOSPITAL NAME

Long Branch AH

The liver is subjectively small with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Elaina Petrone

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

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The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

DATE

12/14/22

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions



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per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

SPECIES

Canine

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

BREED

Maltese

Free Abdomen

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

SEX

Neutered Male

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

2 Years

- **Subjective microhepatica** – Liver size is more reliably assessed via x-rays. However, differentials for a small liver could include normal patient variant versus vascular anomaly versus chronic end stage liver disease versus other.

WEIGHT

11.4 Pounds

- **Bilateral medullary rim sign** - This finding is of unknown clinical significance and can be a normal variant, often idiopathic. Medullary rim sign can be present with renal disease including FIP, lymphoma, hypercalcemic nephropathy, Leptospirosis, tubular disease, other and should be interpreted in combination with other more specific indications of kidney disease such as isosthenuria, proteinuria, azotemia, etc. This is a common incidental finding in patients with diabetes mellitus.

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

As is reportedly already pending, bile acids are recommended. If the bile acids are significantly increased (i.e., greater than 100), recheck ultrasound using power doppler at the level of the porta hepatis to further evaluate the portal vein to vena cava ratio, and/or an abdominal CT scan is recommended for a further extrahepatic portosystemic shunt hunt.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Elaina Petrone

If the bile acids are normal and/or only mildly increased, then further evaluation, as is reportedly already planned, with testing for Leptospirosis and a malabsorption/maldigestion gastrointestinal panel are both reasonable next steps.

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In the meantime, empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur is recommended.

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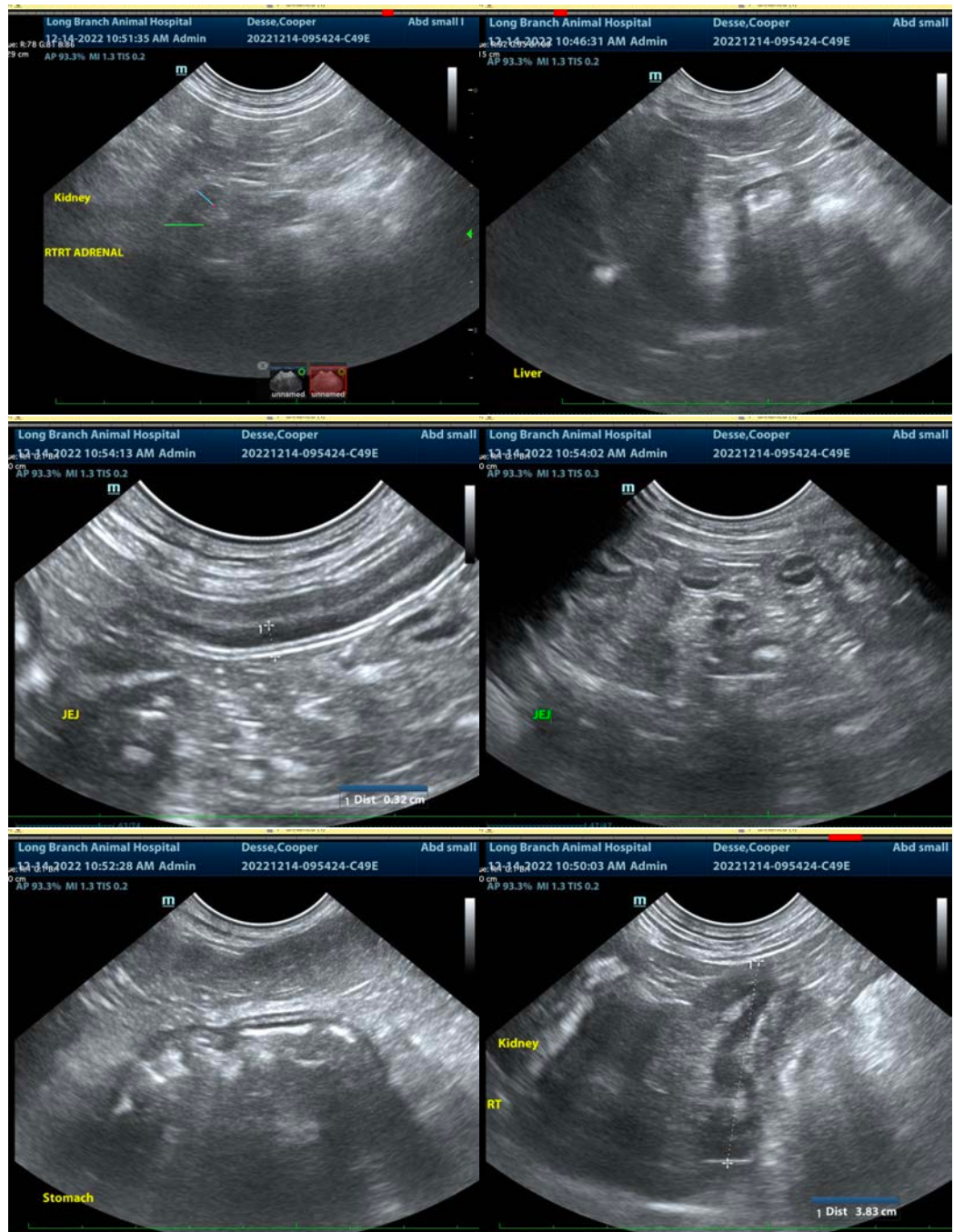
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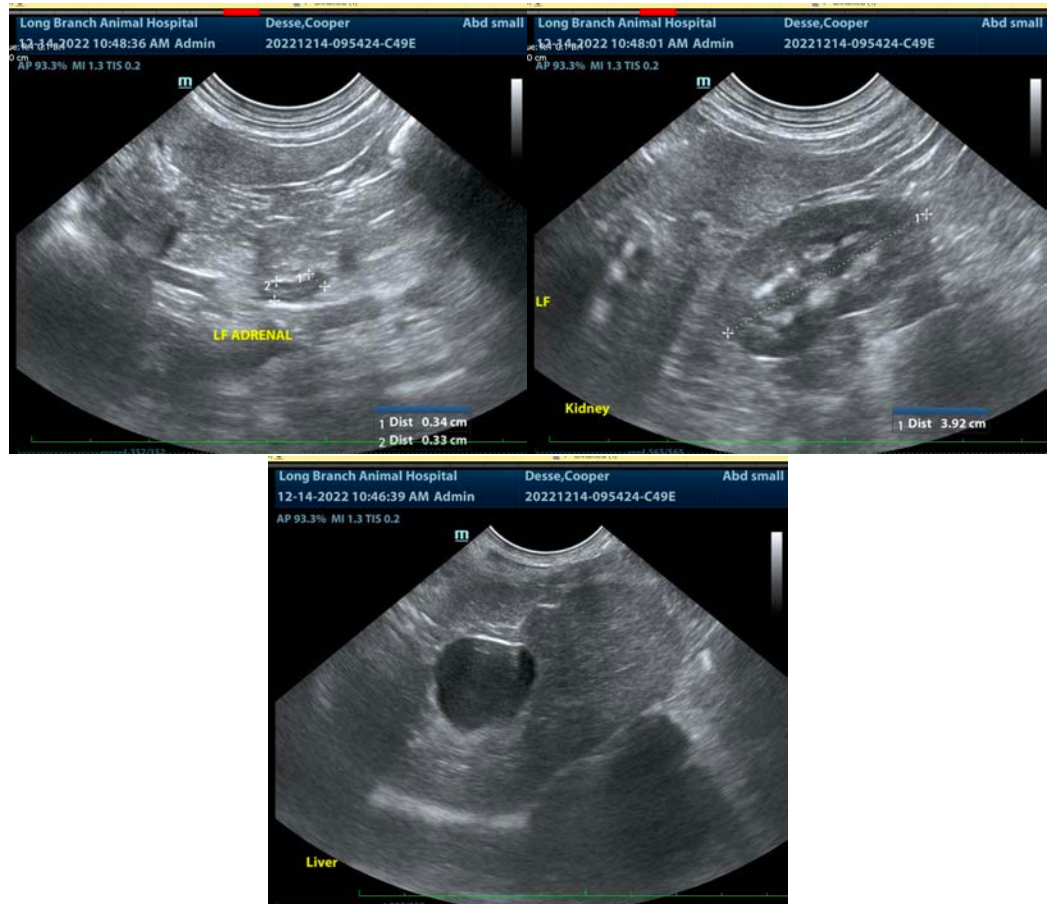
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
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