



<b>PATIENT</b>	<b>PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS</b>
Oakley Mercer	lack of appetite initial set of diagnostics revealed abnormal SNAP cPL and mild elevation in liver enzymes Was sent home with Cerenia, appetite stimulants 10 days later - dog still not eating. CBC mild anemia Chemistry shows higher elevation in liver enzymes (ALT, ALP, GGT, normal Bilirubin) compared to previous labs
<b>SPECIES</b>	
Canine	Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Elevation in liver enzymes - increasing over 10 day period SNAP cPL abnormal both times
<b>BREED</b>	<b>ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN</b>
Yorkie X	<b>Urinary System</b>
<b>SEX</b>	The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.
Neutered Male	The prostate is unable to be well visualized in these images.
<b>AGE</b>	The right kidney is normal in size (4.9 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
10 Years	
<b>WEIGHT</b>	The left kidney is normal in size (4.7 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.
5.4 kg	
<b>INTERPRETED BY</b>	<b>Adrenal Glands</b>
Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM	The adrenal glands are unable to be well visualized in these images.
<b>IMAGING PERFORMED BY</b>	<b>Spleen</b>
Dr. Singh	Spleen is subjectively large in size with a swollen and scalloped/undulating capsular contour. Multifocal coalescing nodules are noted throughout the parenchyma. Splenic vasculature appears normal. Enhanced hyperechoic surrounding fat is noted.
<b>HOSPITAL NAME</b>	<b>Liver</b>
Balmy Beach Pet Hospital	Liver is subjectively enlarged with mildly irregular margins. Parenchyma is mottled by multifocal discrete hypoechoic nodules of varying sizes "moth-eaten". Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.
<b>REFERRING VET</b>	Gallbladder is moderately distended with anechoic bile as well as suspended and gravity dependent echogenic debris. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. There is no evidence of cystic or CBD dilation. There is no evidence of effusion or inflammation.
Dr. Singh	<b>Gastrointestinal</b>
<b>INVOICE</b>	The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with very echogenic reverberation artifact from intraluminal gas. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease; however, complete visualization of far wall is partially inhibited by gas. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.
42694	
<b>DATE</b>	The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions
11/9/22	



**PATIENT**

Oakley Mercer

per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Pancreas**

The pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

**BREED**

Yorkie X

**Free Abdomen**

There is no evidence of free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

**SEX**

Neutered Male

There is no apparent lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

**PRIMARY FINDINGS**

**AGE**

10 Years

- **Nodular Liver** - This finding is concerning for infiltrative disease such as round cell neoplasia or metastatic neoplasia. Benign disease (nodular hyperplasia) cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely.

**WEIGHT**

5.4 kg

- **Honeycomb Spleen** - This finding is strongly suggestive of infiltrative disease such as round cell neoplasia. Benign disease cannot be ruled out but is considered less likely.

**SECONDARY FINDINGS**

- **Gallbladder debris** - Cholecystic debris is of unknown clinical significance. It can be seen with biliary stasis from fasting or illness. Cholecystic debris is not necessarily related to hepatobiliary disease. Echogenic bile is most commonly an incidental finding in dogs and should be interpreted in combination with clinical signs such as nausea, inappetence, cranial abdominal discomfort and/or laboratory changes such as increased ALP and/or increased Tbili.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Singh

The pathology described above is most concerning for infiltrative neoplasia such as round cell neoplasia (i.e., lymphoma) versus other. Recommendations include a fine needle aspirate of the liver and spleen if patient's coagulation status is appropriate.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Balmy Beach Pet  
Hospital

Three view thoracic radiographs are recommended for further assessment of cardio-pulmonary status as well as to further evaluate for any evidence of metastatic disease, if not recently evaluated.

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**SPECIES**

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**BREED**

Yorkie X

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

10 Years

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**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Singh

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**REFERRING VET**

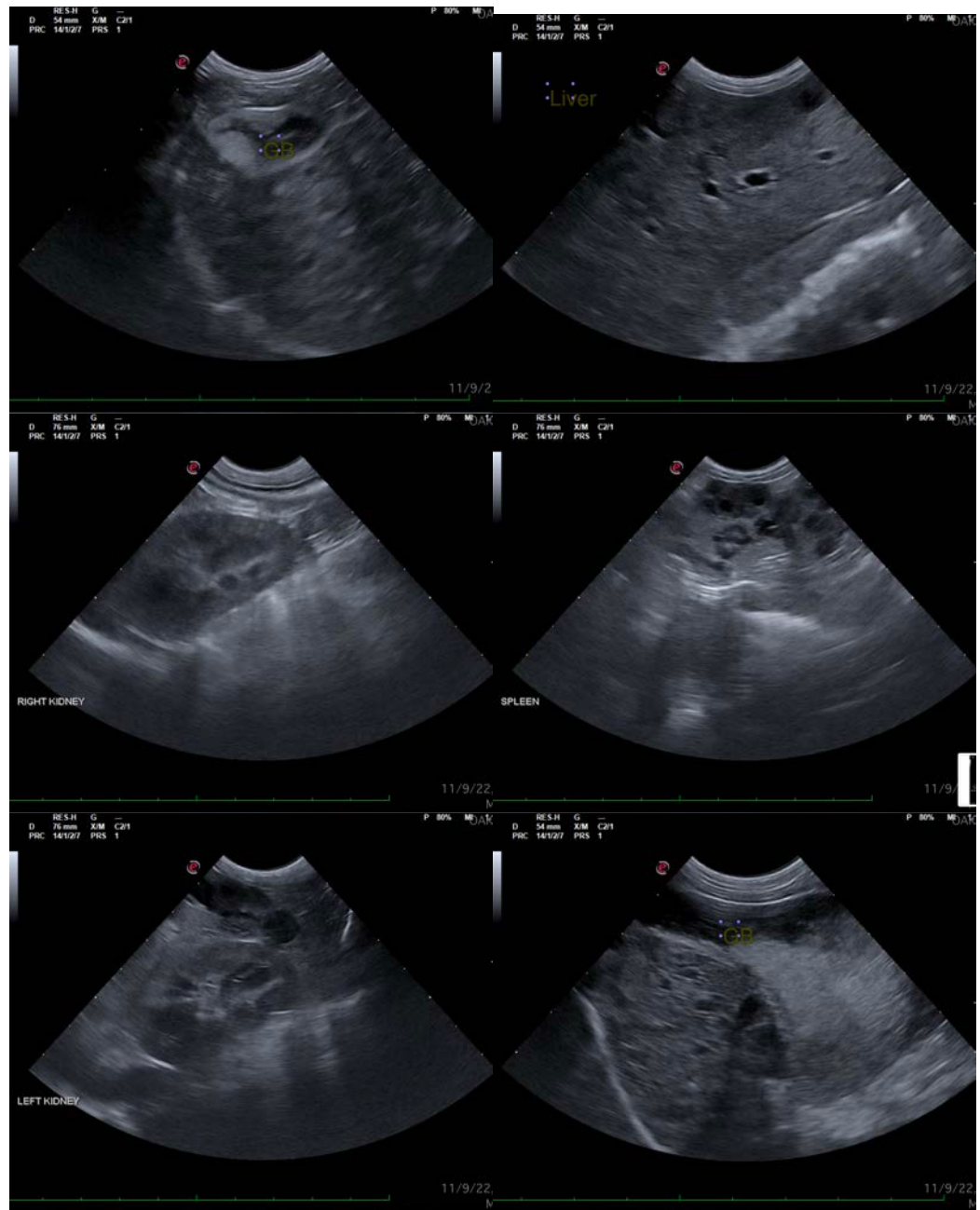
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM**  
Beth.Johnson@sonopath.com