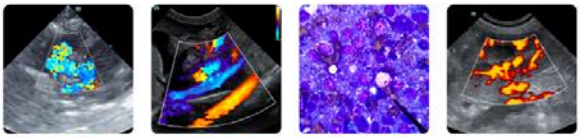




**PATIENT**

Lola Harris

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Mix

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

9 Years 11 Months

**WEIGHT**

Not Provided

**INTERPRETED BY**

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Kerri Becker

**HOSPITAL NAME**

New Bridge Veterinary Practice

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Glennon

**INVOICE**

71599

**DATE**

11/5/25

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Check kidneys- has persistent proteinuria- asymptomatic. Started on KD diet.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: ALP-466 Creat-206

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### *Urinary System*

The urinary bladder is adequately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Kidneys are overall normal in size and shape with smooth peripheral margination. A normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio is maintained. The medulla and cortices are uniform in texture with some mild increased cortical echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary distinction, expected in this age patient. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. Left kidney measures 6.47 cm. Right kidney measures 7.3 cm.

### *Adrenal Glands*

Adrenal glands are plump/swollen in size. Normal shape and contour are maintained without evidence of capsular invasion. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal. Left measures 0.82 cm at the cranial pole and 0.80 cm at the caudal pole. Right measures 1.0 cm at the cranial pole and 0.60 cm at the caudal pole.

### *Spleen*

Spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). Multifocal well-demarcated hyperechoic homogenous nodules are noted. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

### *Liver*

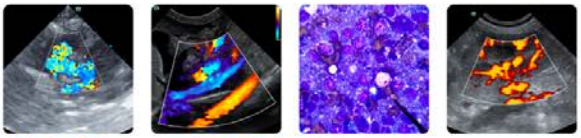
Liver is subjectively enlarged with mildly irregular margins. Parenchyma is mildly heterogenous characterized by multiple poorly defined hypoechoic nodules within otherwise hyperechoic liver parenchyma. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

### *Gastrointestinal*

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is mildly distended with a small to moderate amount of echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta/chyme. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.



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The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

### *Pancreas*

The pancreas that is observed appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

### *Free Abdomen*

There is no visible free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent pathologic lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

## PRIMARY FINDINGS

- Mild bilateral adrenomegaly – In a patient diagnosed with hyperadrenocorticism, this finding is most consistent with adrenal hyperplasia secondary to pituitary dependent hyperadrenocorticism. This finding can also be seen with stress and/or normal patient variant. Interpret in combination with clinical signs of hyperadrenocorticism and/or other adrenal disease.
- Mildly heterogenous liver – These changes are most consistent with benign processes such as nodular hyperplasia, steroid (vacuolar) hepatopathy, extramedullary hematopoiesis or possibly chronic inflammatory disease and less commonly infiltrative round cell or metastatic neoplasia.
- Mild age related kidney changes – Early or emerging chronic kidney disease can't be ruled out and should be suspected in the face of appropriate laboratory changes, etc.

## SECONDARY FINDINGS

- Hyperechoic splenic nodules – most consistent with benign myelolipomas. Other differentials such as fibrosis or calcification caused by old hematomas or infarcts, chronic inflammation, granulomatous disease or metastatic disease cannot be ruled out, but are considered less likely.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given patient's reported proteinuria, if not already evaluated, quantification is recommended, if proteinuria is persistent with an otherwise quiet sediment, in the form of a urine protein to creatinine ratio.

A blood pressure is recommended if not recently evaluated.

Further recommendations depend in part on the value of the UPC but could include comprehensive infectious disease testing including possibly Leptospirosis, as well as potentially hormone testing for underlying adrenal disease/hyperadrenocorticism, especially if clinical signs are suggestive of hyperadrenocorticism.

Other diagnostic and treatment recommendations are largely dependent on results of above.

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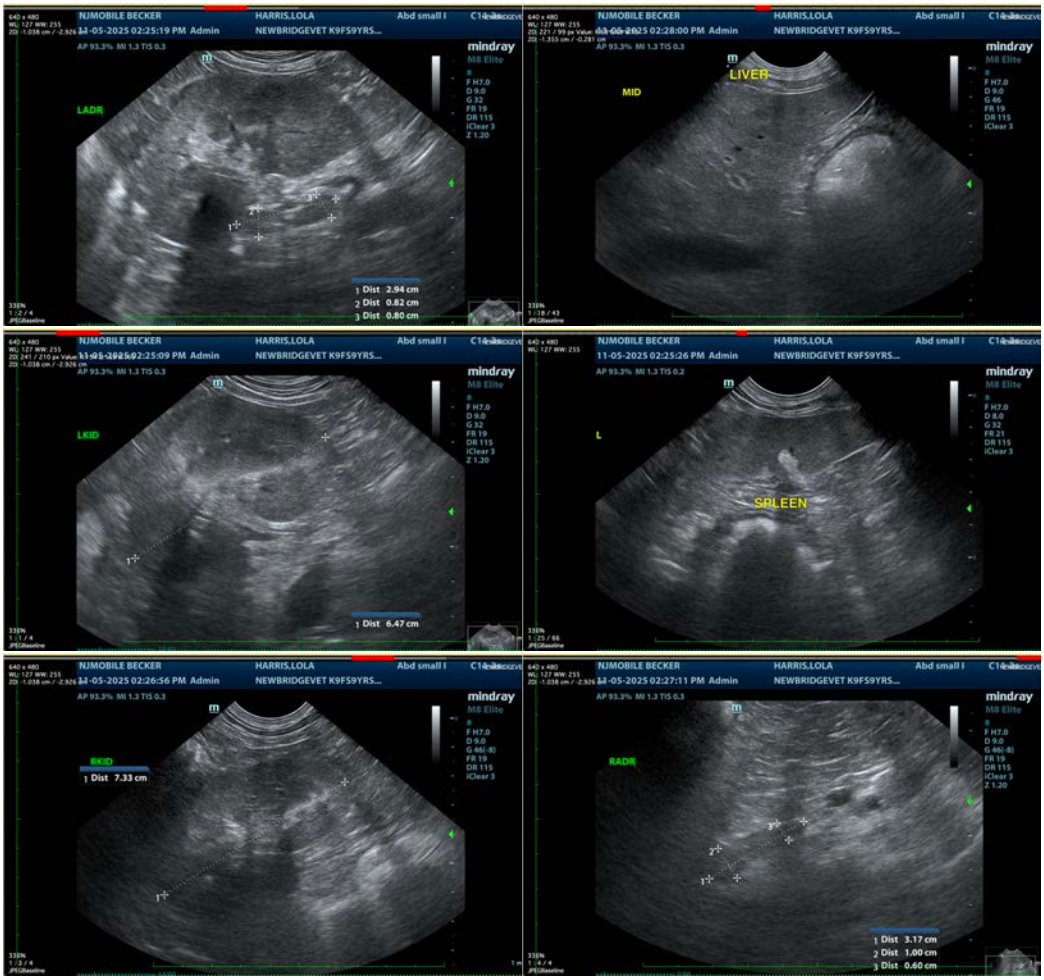


**The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Beth Johnson**, DVM, DACVIM
info@sonopath.com