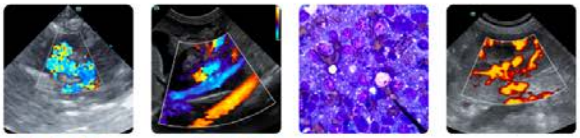


SonoPath www.thefocalzone.com info@thefocalzone.com 289.808.2608

PATIENT

Axis Berry

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Shepherd x

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

2 Years

WEIGHT

21.1 kg

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Amanda Stewart

HOSPITAL NAME

Talbot Road Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

Dr. Zakrajsek

INVOICE

71997

DATE

11/20/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Several episodes of struggling to produce a consistent stream of urine + urgency to go out - Has had some episodes of urinary accidents as well - Possible intermittent exercise intolerance - Possible low grade heart murmur - Rapid breathing during sleep Current Medications On eicosaderm, dermoscent and redonyl for allergic dermatitis. Simparica Trio on the 8th of each month

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: No bloodwork abnormalities - No UA abnormalities Radiographic Findings - Mild interstitial pattern in caudo dorsal lung fields on radiographs Primary Question to Be Answered in This Exam - Urinary tract abnormality? - Cardiac or pulmonary abnormality?

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is adequately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Prostate is normal in size, echotexture and echogenicity for a neutered male, measuring 1.0 cm thick.

The right kidney is normal is size (6.83 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. A subtle hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present.

The left kidney is normal is size (6.49 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. A subtle hyperechoic band parallel to the corticomedullary border is present.

Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.3 cm at cranial pole and 0.59 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

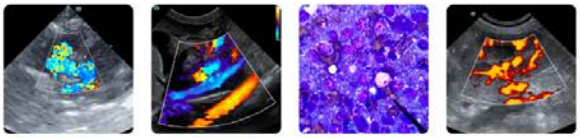
The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.59 cm at cranial pole and 0.58 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.



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The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

The pancreas that is observed appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

Free Abdomen

There is no visible free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent pathologic lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Subtle bilateral medullary rim sign - This finding is of unknown clinical significance and can be a normal variant, often idiopathic. Medullary rim sign can be present with renal disease including lymphoma, hypercalcemic nephropathy, Leptospirosis, tubular disease, other and should be interpreted in combination with other more specific indications of kidney disease such as isosthenuria, proteinuria, azotemia, etc. This is a common incidental finding in patients with diabetes mellitus.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The changes described above are very mild/subtle without a definitive ultrasonographically visible intraabdominal explanation for patient's reported clinical signs.

Given patient's reported urinary history, a urine culture could be considered if not recently evaluated and if patient is no currently receiving antibiotics. Additionally, while likely low yield based on appearance of the prostate, direct sampling of the prostate via fine needle aspirate could be considered if patient's coagulation status is appropriate, or ultimately, a prostatic wash and/or even cystoscopy could be considered.

Additionally, given the history, further cardiac evaluation, as is reportedly occurring, is recommended.

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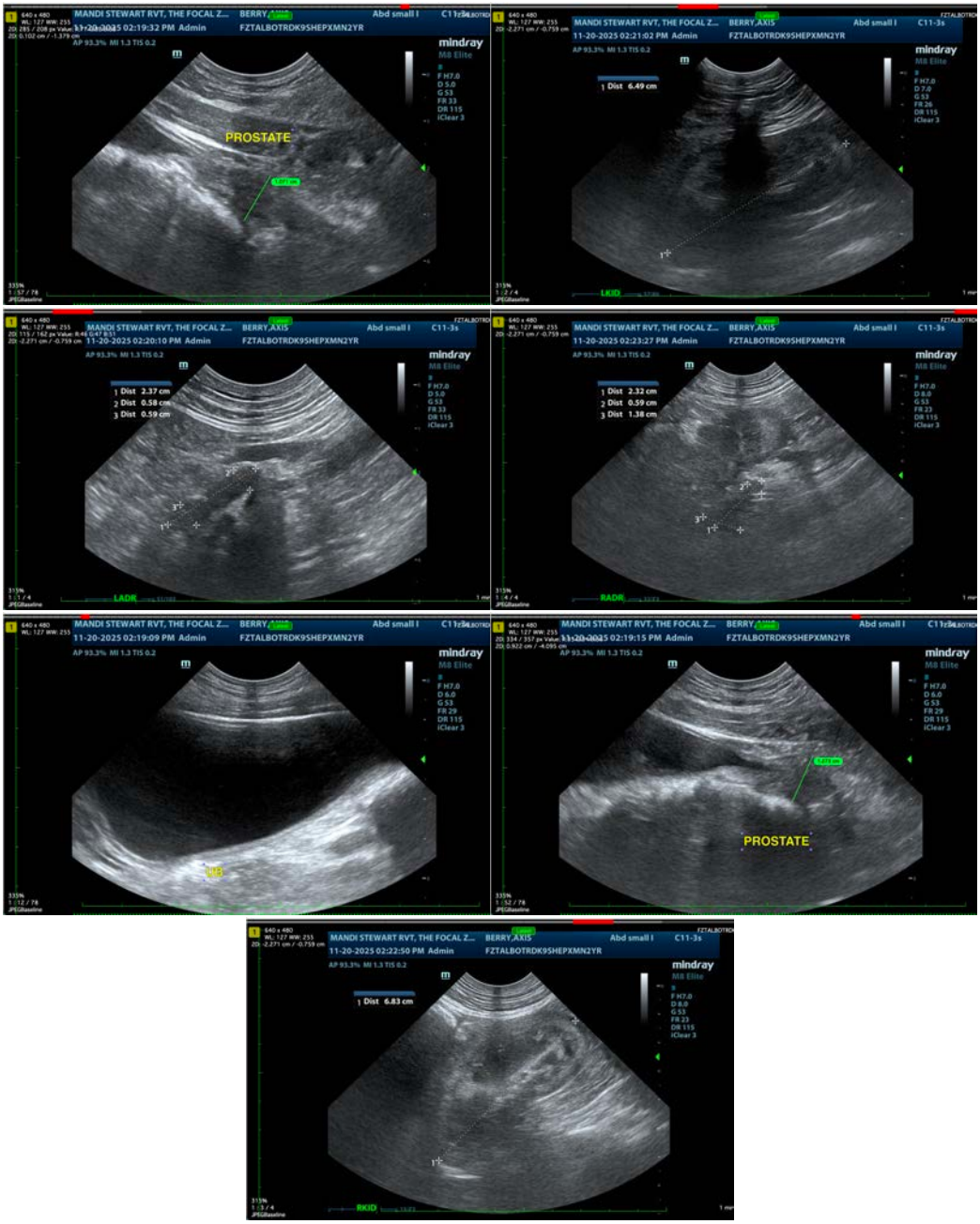

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM info@sonopath.com