



PATIENT

Hannah Randle

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pug

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4

WEIGHT

24

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenn

HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway Animal
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Maniar

INVOICE

72571

DATE

1/29/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Recheck from yesterday.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder remains subjectively moderately over distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

The right kidney is normal is size (4.6 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

The left kidney is normal is size (4.08 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

Adrenal Glands

The areas of the adrenal glands are examined without evident adrenal gland pathology.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

The gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The lumen of the stomach continues to contain both echogenic non-shadowing contents consistent with normal ingesta as well as gas, as well as some hard acoustic shadowing material that in a fasted patient increases the concern for possible non-obstructive foreign material. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.



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Pancreas

The pancreas that is observed appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

Free Abdomen

There is no visible free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent pathologic lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

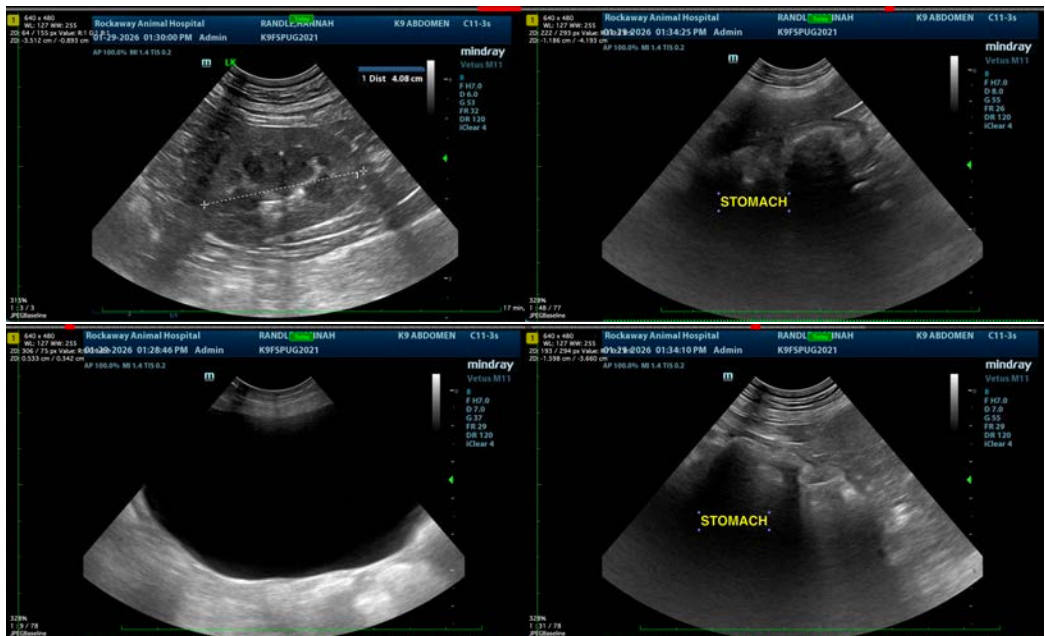
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Subjectively moderately over distended urinary bladder – This should be interpreted in combination with patient’s clinical signs. There is not a definitive ultrasonographically visible reason for obstruction noted in these images at this time.
- Similarly, the gastric contents should be interpreted in combination with patient’s clinical history, as normal ingesta and gas can mimic non-obstructive foreign material.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Given patient’s reported fasting before today’s study, additional imaging such as contrast radiography and/or upper GI gastroscopy could be considered for further visual evaluation of the gastric contents and removal of foreign material if discovered.

Recommendations regarding patient’s reported lack of urination remain unchanged and should be correlated with full clinical assessment, lab work, urinalysis, rectal exam, etc. as was advised in previous study.





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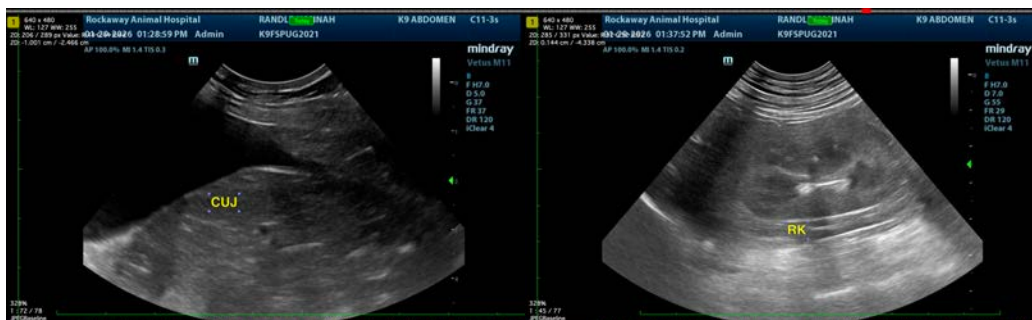
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM
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