



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Fiona Schwarz chronic history of thin body condition/ weight loss. No vomiting or loose stool. Recent CBC/ chemistry panel- mild hypercalcemia, decreased bicarbonate. Screening for GI disease (ie. IBD)

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC- reticulocyte hemoglobin 14.8 (15.3-22.9) Chem - calcium 11.5 (8.2-11.2) Bicarbonate 2.5 (12-22)

Feline

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

BREED *Urinary System*

DMH Urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

SEX

FS

Right kidney is normal in size (3.11 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed.

AGE

6yr

Left kidney is normal in size (3.3 cm), shape and echogenicity. It has smooth peripheral margination. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with appropriate corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, or infarcts observed. A non-obstructive nephrolith was present.

Adrenal Glands

WEIGHT

5.94

Right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.38) shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

Left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.31 cm), shape and contour. Corticomedullary structure is unremarkable. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM
DACVIM

Spleen

Spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

IMAGING

PERFORMED BY

A Murphy CVT

Liver

Liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

HOSPITAL NAME

Wauwatosa Vet

Gallbladder is non-distended in size. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. There is no evidence of cystic or common bile duct dilation.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Haynes

Gastrointestinal

The stomach wall is normal in thickness (canine < 0.5 cm and feline < 0.4 cm) and layering. The lumen of the stomach is empty with no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease. Pyloric outflow tract appears patent.

INVOICE

12783ag

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering (canine duodenum < 0.5 cm and feline duodenum < 0.4 cm; other < 0.3 cm). Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen of the small intestine is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

DATE

01/24/2023



PATIENT

Fiona Schwarz

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. Contents are consistent with normal formed feces and gas.

Pancreas

SPECIES

Feline

Pancreatic parenchyma is appropriately isoechoic to surrounding tissue. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

Free Abdomen

BREED

DMH

There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion. There is no apparent lymphadenopathy.

SEX

FS

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Non-obstructive nephrolith left kidney
- There is no ultrasonographical visible evidence of GI disease to explain this patient's weight loss, however a normal ultrasound does not rule out infiltrative bowel disease.

AGE

6yr

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

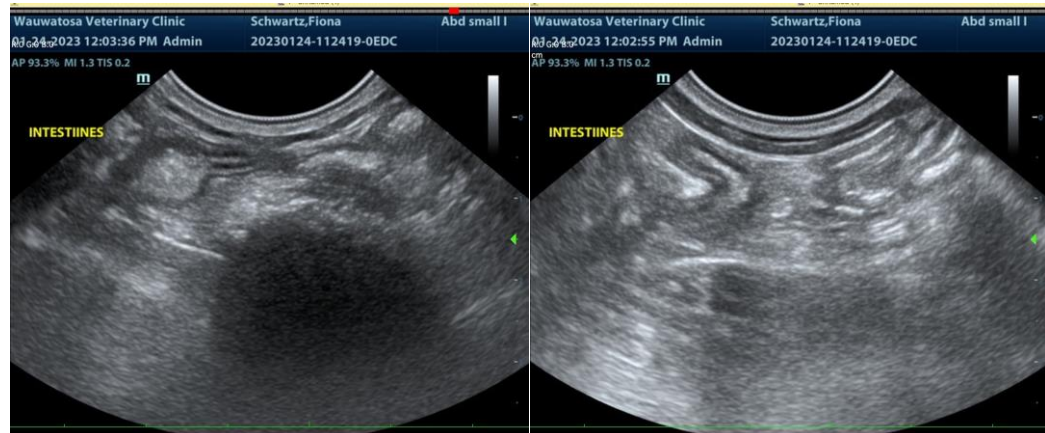
1. A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.
2. Recommend malignancy panel to include PTH, PTHRP and Ca+. In the meantime empirical deworming with a 5 day course of Panacur is recommended and a transition in diet if tolerated by the patient could be initiated beginning with a hydrolyzed protein diet.

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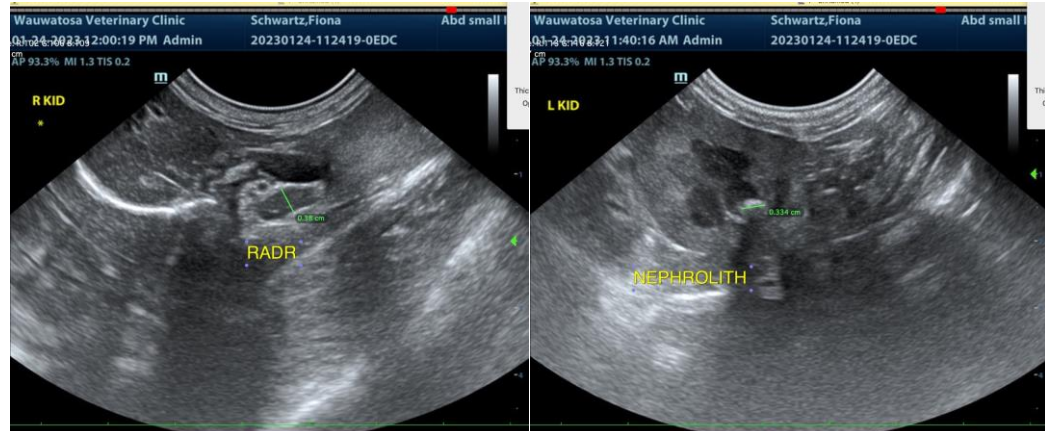
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HOSPITAL NAME

Wauwatosa Vet

REFERRING VET

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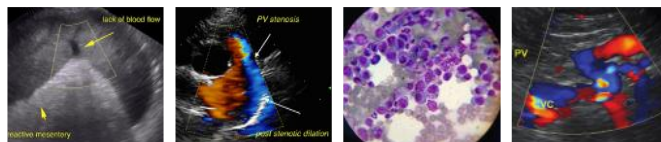


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SPECIES

Feline

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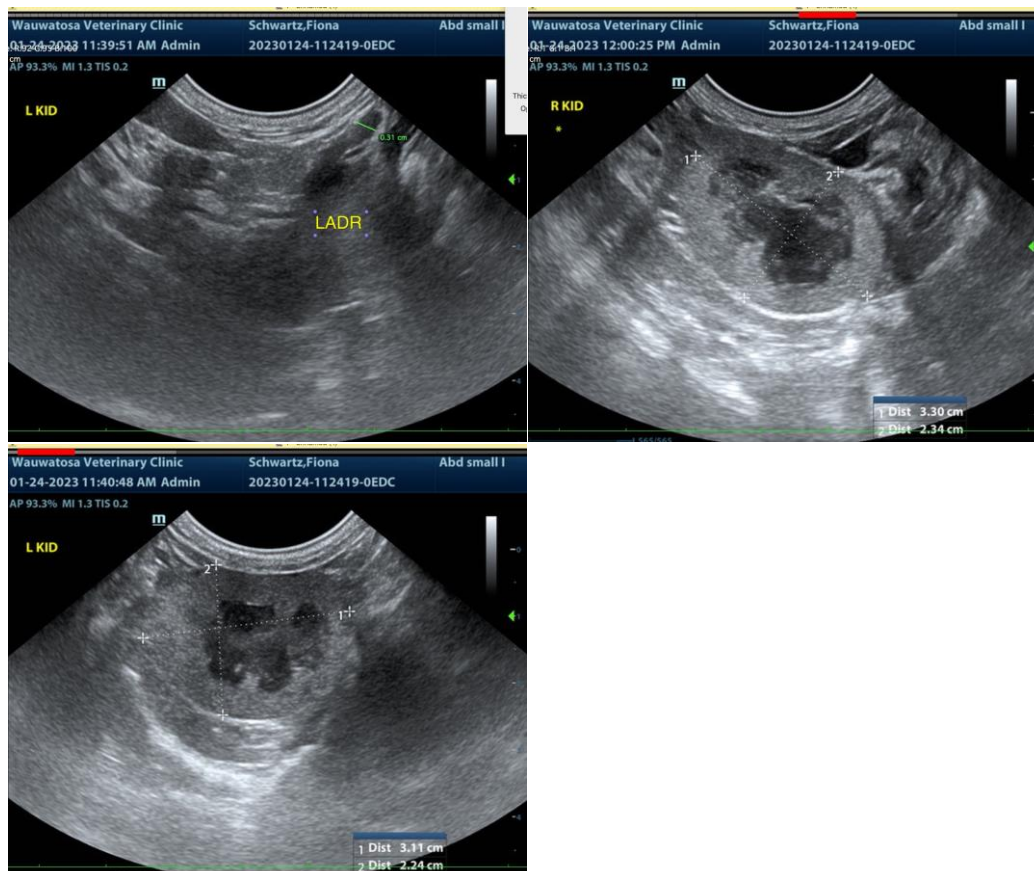
Dr. Haynes

INVOICE

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Beth Johnson, DVM DACVIM

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