



## PATIENT

Tessa Davis

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

4 Years

## WEIGHT

12 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Beth Johnson, DVM  
DACVIM

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

## HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom  
Veterinary Imaging

## REFERRING VET

Kylie Marr, DVM

## INVOICE

72362

## DATE

1/21/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Vomiting- GI related (dietary indiscretion vs. gastroenteritis vs pancreatitis vs IBD) vs. FB. Slightly painful on palpation

Discussed additional diagnostics to further evaluate the cause of P vomiting- -Discussed abd radiographs vs abdominal u/s. O elected abd u/s, provided with estimate and scheduled for next week.

Discussed that O thinks vomiting is diet related. Rec to switch P back to food that worked for P.

Rec cerenia tablets for when P vomits at home, O would like to switch diet first. Ok to approve Cerenia 24mg: 1/2 tab PO q24hr if O calls before u/s appt.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The urinary bladder is adequately distended with anechoic contents. No masses, inflammatory changes, echogenic sediment or cystoliths are observed. The urinary bladder, trigone and visible pelvic urethra are normal in thickness with a smooth mucosal surface.

Kidneys are overall normal in size and shape with smooth peripheral margination. A normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio is maintained. The medulla and cortices are uniform in texture with some mild increased cortical echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary distinction, expected in this age patient. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, mineral or infarcts observed. Left kidney measured 4.25 cm. Right kidney measured 4.43 cm.

### Adrenal Glands

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.80 cm at cranial pole and 0.33 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.43 cm at cranial pole and 0.55 cm at caudal pole), shape and overall architecture, echogenicity and echotexture. Visible surrounding vasculature appears normal.

### Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size with a normal smooth capsular contour. Parenchyma is appropriately finely textured and homogenous with normal echogenicity relative to surrounding tissue (hyperechoic to liver). No focal nodules or masses are observed. Splenic vasculature appears normal.

### Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal smooth curvilinear peripheral contour. Parenchyma is appropriately hypoechoic to the spleen in echogenicity and appropriately mildly coarse and homogenous in echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Visible vasculature and biliary tree appear normal without distension or congestion.

Gallbladder is moderately distended with anechoic bile as well as suspended and gravity dependent echogenic debris. The wall is smooth without visible thickening. There is no evidence of cystic or CBD dilation. There is no evidence of effusion or inflammation.



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## *Gastrointestinal*

The visible stomach wall is normal in thickness and layering. The stomach is moderately distended with echogenic non-shadowing contents consistent with normal ingesta/chyme, as well as some acoustic shadowing material that could represent normal ingesta and gas, but non-fully obstructive foreign material can't be ruled out.

The visible small intestines are normal in wall thickness and layering. Small intestinal motility appears adequate (1-3 contractions per min). The lumen is mildly distended with echogenic non-shadowing luminal contents and gas consistent with normal ingesta/chyme. There is no evidence of obstruction, foreign material or infiltrative disease.

The visible colon is normal in wall thickness (< 0.2 cm) and layering. The lumen is mildly diffusely distended with soft stool.

## *Pancreas*

The pancreas that is observed appears appropriately isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Visible capsule is smooth and normal in contour. Visible pancreatic parenchyma is homogenous and unremarkable. There is no visible pancreatic duct dilation. There is no evidence of active peripancreatic inflammation.

## *Free Abdomen*

There is no visible free peritoneal effusion noted in these images.

There is no apparent pathologic lymphadenopathy noted in these images.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- As described above, the gastric contents could represent normal ingesta and gas, although non-fully obstructive foreign material can't be definitively ruled out. Reassessment following an additional 12-24 hours of fasting could be considered.
- Emerging soft stool or diarrhea is suspected.
- Moderate gallbladder debris - Cholecystic debris is of unknown clinical significance. It can be seen with biliary stasis from fasting or illness. Cholecystic debris is not necessarily related to hepatobiliary disease. Echogenic bile is most commonly an incidental finding in dogs and should be interpreted in combination with clinical signs such as nausea, inappetence, cranial abdominal discomfort and/or laboratory changes such as increased ALP and/or increased Tbili.
- The kidneys are consistent with mild age related change, but in a young dog early or emerging chronic kidney disease can't be ruled out.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

As described above, an additional 12-24 hours of fasting followed by recheck imaging could be considered, or alternative imaging may be a possibility such as contrast radiography, upper GI gastroscopy, endoscopy, etc.

In the meantime, a routine fecal/giardia exam is recommended if not recently evaluated.



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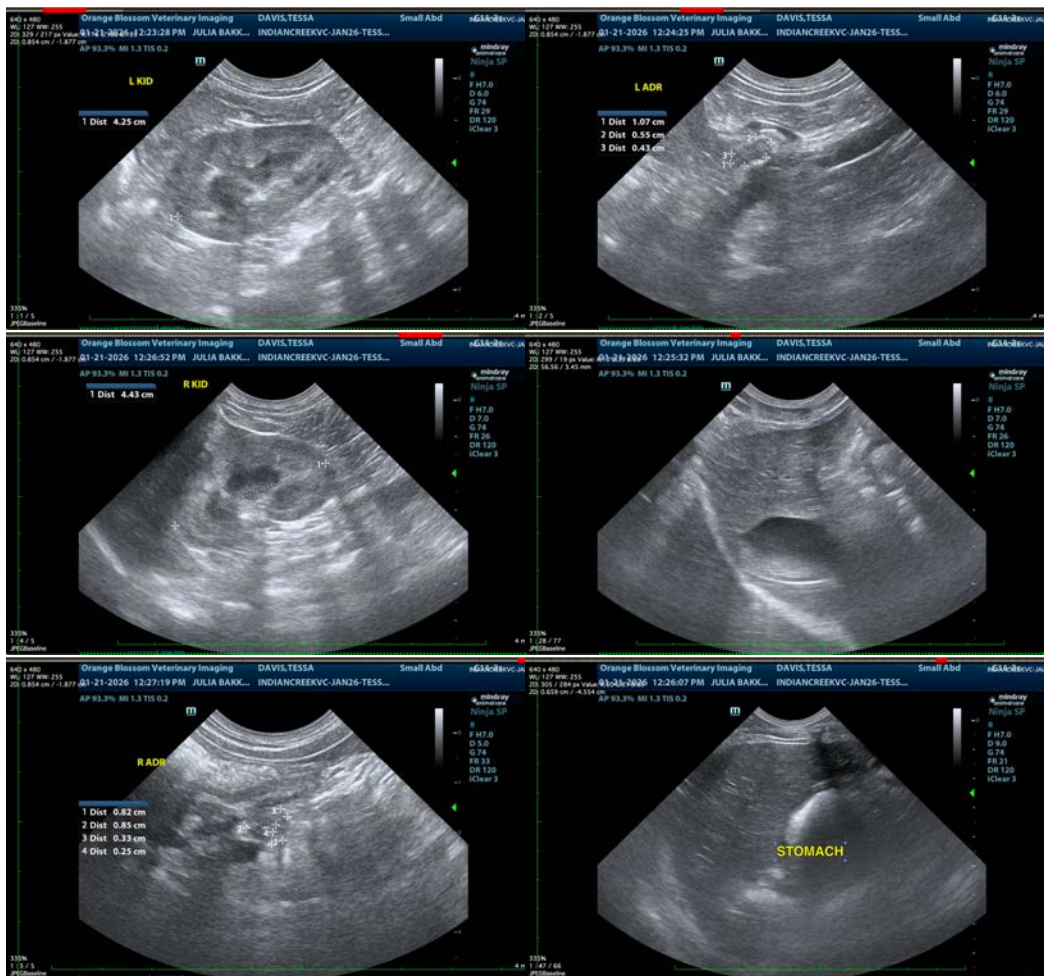
A gastrointestinal malabsorption panel (including cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI) to Texas A&M GI Laboratory is recommended for further evaluation of GI and pancreatic function.

A baseline cortisol is recommended. If baseline cortisol is less than 2, a full ACTH stimulation test is recommended to rule out hypoadrenocorticism.

While continuing workup, supportive/symptomatic medical management of clinical signs is recommended, including anti-emetics, gastroprotectants (+/- sucralfate, especially with any history of hematemesis), an appetite stimulant and fluid therapy if indicated, etc.

Additionally, empirical deworming with a 5-day course of Panacur is recommended as is a full course of empirical Helicobacter triple therapy.

Finally, if tolerated, a transition in diet could be considered, based on trial-and-error response with some options to consider including a gastrointestinal biome diet vs a hydrolyzed protein diet (sometimes several trials with different brands are necessary) vs an easy to digest, bland or low-fat diet vs other.





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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Beth Johnson, DVM, DACVIM**  
info@sonopath.com