



PATIENT

Freyja McBurnett

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Australian Shepherd x

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4 Years

WEIGHT

39.8 kg

INTERPRETED BY

Brad Harris, DVM,
DACVECC, DACVIM
(cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Maria Lara

HOSPITAL NAME

Allure Veterinary
Hospital & Urgent Care

REFERRING VET

Dr. Maria Lara

INVOICE

72548

DATE

12/13/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Patient presented on 12/12 with a history of acute hematemesis and hematochezia with no history of dietary indiscretion or foreign material/body ingestion. Blood work (attached) showed changes consistent with dehydration. Initial radiographs showed gastric contents and multifocal areas of gas. Recheck radiographs on 12/3 am showed empty stomach but a loop of bowel had no changes. Abdominal ultrasound was recommended to rule out foreign body.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: 12/12 CBC HCT 64.1% (37.3-61.7) H RBC 9.51 M/mcL (5.65-8.87) H Hg 22.5 g/dL (13.1-20.5) H NEU 14.14 K/mcL (2.95-11.64) H Chem Na 168 mmol/L (144-160) H TP 9.1 g/dL (5.2-8.2) H Alb 5.1 g/dL (2.3-4.0) H ALT 156 U/L (10-125) H ALP <10 (23-212 U/L L TBIL 4.0 mg/dL (0.0-0.9) H Recheck CBC/Chem/Lytes 12-13 WNL

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are unremarkable with normal wall thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visualized, which is a normal finding. There are no uroliths or sediment noted, and anechoic urine is present. The ureteral papillae appear normal. There is no evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or neoplastic disease.

The kidneys are normal in size and structure, with appropriate corticomedullary definition and cortex to medulla ratio. The cortices are uniform in texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. The medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pyelectasis is present. The capsules are uniform without significant irregularities noted. Left kidney measures 6.53 cm. Right kidney measures 6.7 cm.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was visualized and has normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. Left adrenal measures 0.54 cm at the caudal pole.

The right adrenal gland is not visualized.

Spleen

The spleen measures 2.09 cm at the hilus. It is smooth with homogeneous parenchyma and hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule is without noticeable irregularity or deformation. The splenic vasculature is normal without signs of congestion, spontaneous echo contrast, or thrombosis. No evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarct are documented.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity is naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vasculature is within normal limits with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder has thin walls which contain anechoic bile. There is no evidence of intra- or extra-hepatic biliary dilation. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No hepatic lymphadenopathy is documented. There is no overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology evident.



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Gastrointestinal

The gastrointestinal tract is primarily non-distended with normal wall thickness and maintenance of normal wall layering. There is a single focal loop of intestine that contains echogenic shadowing material with an anechoic angular structure within the lumen. It is suspected that this is colon. However, the region is insufficiently traced orad or aborad in order to distinguish from small intestine. There is no additional small intestinal dilation or other concern for mechanical obstruction.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the pancreas are isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. The pancreatic duct and capsular contour are normal. There is no overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease.

Free Abdomen

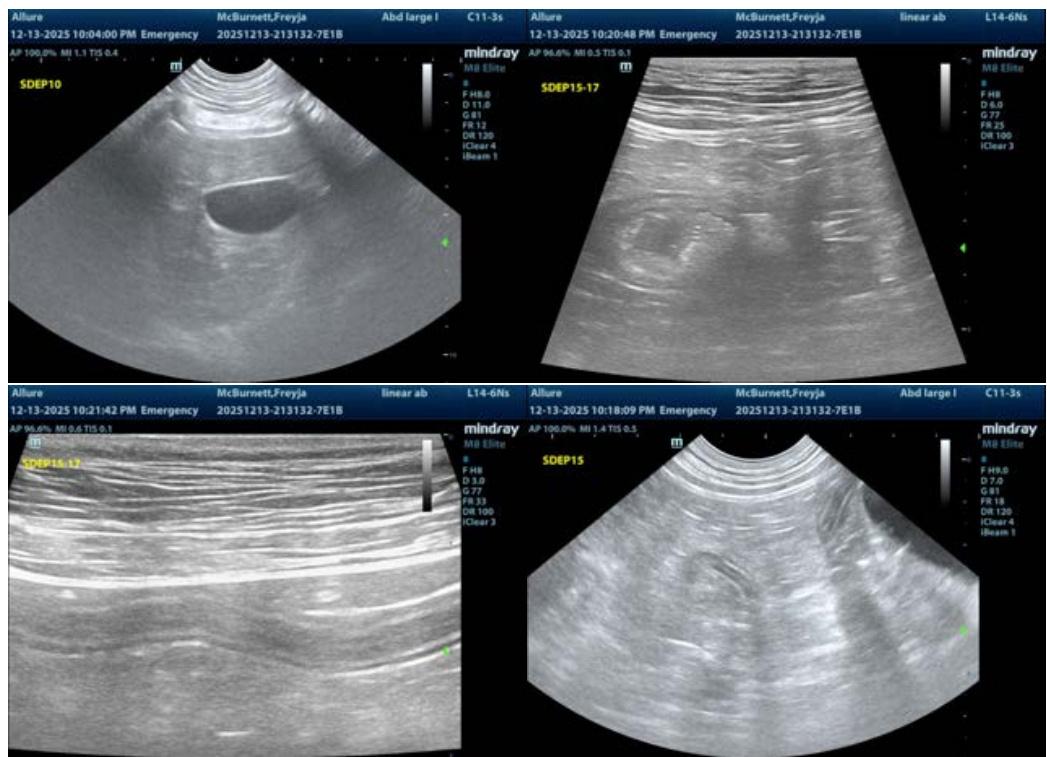
No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Focal region of gastrointestinal tract with shadowing and possible foreign material – appears non-obstructive at this time.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Supportive care for gastroenteritis or acute hemorrhagic diarrhea syndrome with serial monitoring of the intestinal loop in question to ensure adequate motility and passage of potential foreign material.





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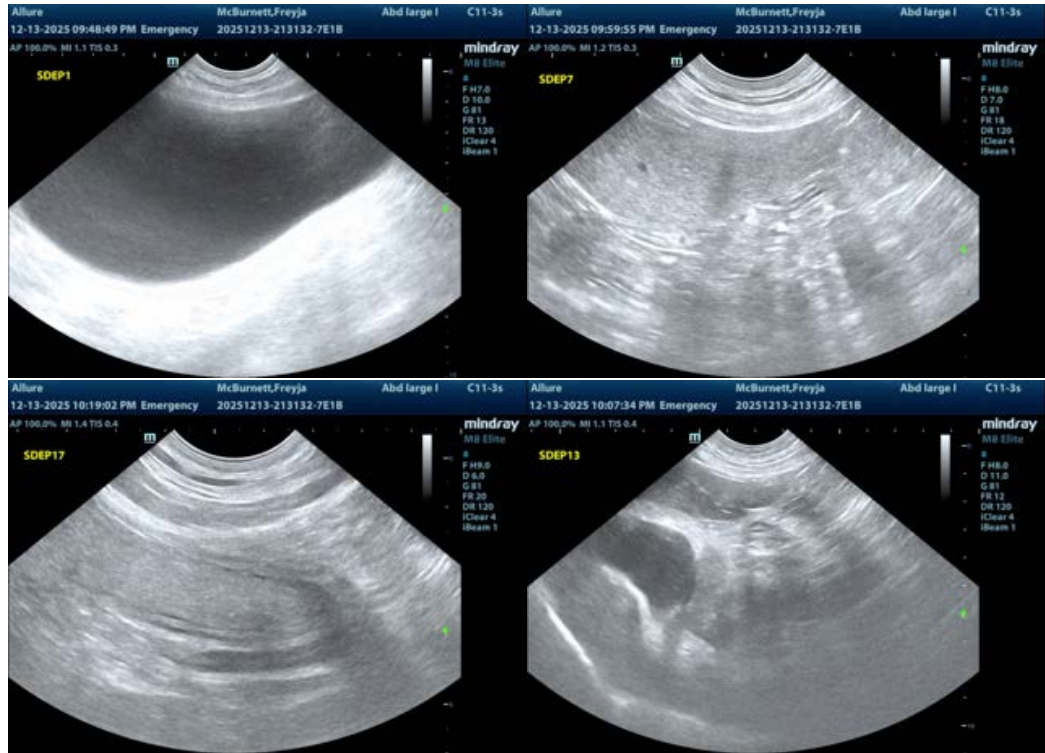
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Brad Harris, DVM, DACVECC, DACVIM (cardiology)

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