



PATIENT

Theo Muller-Ross

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labradoodle

SEX

Male, neutered

AGE

8 Yrs.

WEIGHT

30 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny

HOSPITAL NAME

Southside Pet Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Honda

DATE

11/22/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: He has chronic diarrhea. Have done BW recently. Past Dx of IBD. Diarrhea over last 1-2 months not responding to Metronidazole, Tylosin. eats pork raw diet, probiotics meds: Metronidazole, probiotics

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Slight increase in Urea 9.8

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is distended. A scant amount of suspended echogenic debris is observed within the lumen. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. Ureteral papillae and visualized portion of the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 2 cm, are normal.

The prostate is normal in size (0.93 cm in width) and shape. Parenchyma is homogenous. The prostatic urethra appears normal without evidence of dilation or obstruction.

The left kidney is normal size (4.97 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal to mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal size (5.26 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal to mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.41 cm at cranial pole) (0.45 cm at caudal pole) (1.82 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

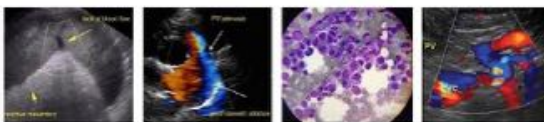
The right adrenal gland is normal size (1.17 cm at cranial pole) (0.53 cm at caudal pole) (1.59 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (1.60 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is hypoechoic relative to the spleen with minor changes consistent with age-related remodeling. No focal lesions are observed. Hepatic vasculature and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.



PATIENT

Gastrointestinal

Theo Muller-Ross

The gastric lumen is mildly distended with ingesta. The gastric wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. No obstructive disease is noted.

SPECIES

Canine

Pancreas

BREED

Labradoodle

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

SEX

Male, neutered

Free Abdomen

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

AGE

8 Yrs.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Minor geriatric hepatic and renal changes.
- If the patient was fasted for this study, the presence of ingesta within the gastric lumen could suggest delayed gastric emptying.

WEIGHT

30 lbs.

*An obvious cause for the patient's diarrhea is not identified in this study. Considerations include food allergy, infectious/parasitic disease, inflammatory bowel disease, underlying metabolic issue, other.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

- Decal evaluation for ova/Giardia +/- fecal PCR infectious disease panel.
- Consider prophylactic deworming with Fenbendazole.
- A resting cortisol is also recommended to screen for atypical hypoadrenocorticism.
- A GI panel including serum cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI is recommended (send to Texas A&M).
- Consider transitioning from a raw diet to a prescription limited antigen or hydrolyzed protein diet.
- Also consider a fiber supplement.
- GI biopsies (i.e., endoscopic or surgical) may ultimately be necessary to get a definitive diagnosis.

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny

HOSPITAL NAME

Southside Pet Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Honda

DATE

11/22/21



PATIENT

Theo Muller-Ross

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labradoodle

SEX

Male, neutered

AGE

8 Yrs.

WEIGHT

30 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal
Medicine)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

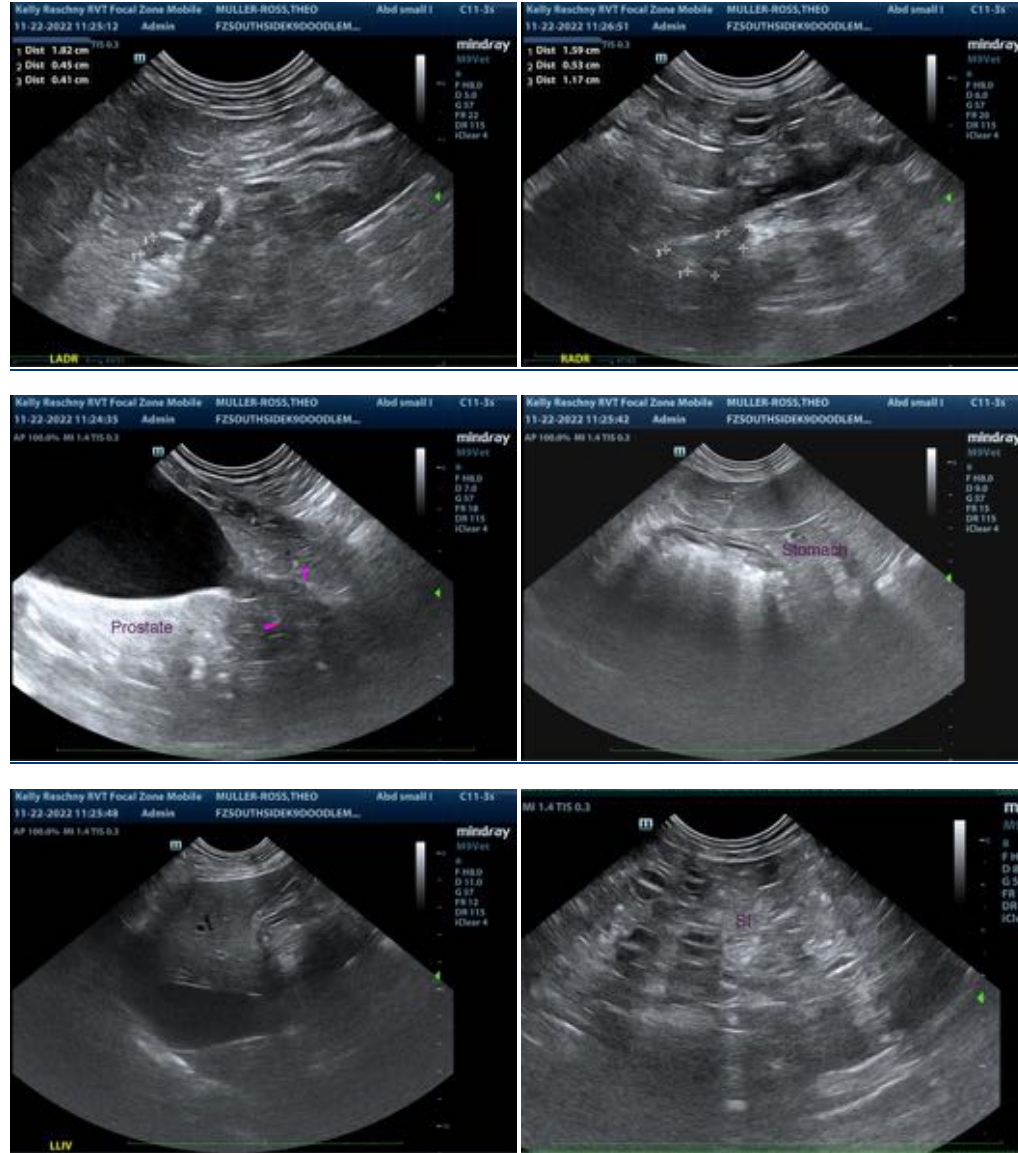
Kelly Reschny

HOSPITAL NAME

Southside Pet Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Honda



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, MPH, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)
info@SonoPath.com

DATE

11/22/21