

PATIENT

Sam Player

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

Domestic shorthair

SEX

Male, neutered

AGE

7/11/2023

WEIGHT

11.5

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

HOSPITAL NAME

AH of South Carolina

REFERRING VET

Dr. Stone

INVOICE

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PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Pt urinates inappropriately such as in the sink or on the counter. There is no straining to defecate. Urine culture is negative. Currently on antibiotics. No recent bloodwork. Pt sedated with Telazol for this study.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder is moderately distended. A scant amount of suspended echogenic debris is observed within the lumen. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and the visible portion of the proximal urethra are normal.

The left kidney is normal in size (3.73 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal in size (3.80 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.34 cm width). Normal shape and glandular echogenicity. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.30 cm width). Normal shape and glandular echogenicity. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

Spleen

The spleen is prominent in size (1.18 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with smooth peripheral contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

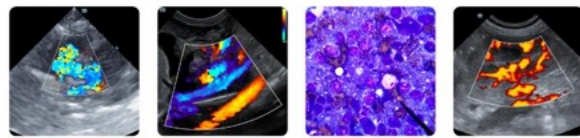
Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The portal vein to caudal vena cava ratio is approximately 1:1.

The gall bladder lumen is minimally distended. The wall is of appropriate thickness for the level of repletion. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal. The duodenal papilla is normal in size (0.34 cm in width).

Gastrointestinal

The gastric lumen is mildly to moderately distended with ingesta. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is segmentally dilated with chyme. The small intestinal wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The ileocecolic junction and colonic wall are normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.



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Pancreas

The left limb is visible with minimal deviation from the normal peripheral contours. The parenchyma is slightly hypoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No focal lesions are observed. The pancreatic duct is not overtly dilated. There is no evidence of peripancreatic inflammation or effusion.

Lymph nodes

A 1.43 x 0.66 cm mesenteric lymph node is visualized.

Free Abdomen

There is no obvious evidence of free fluid.

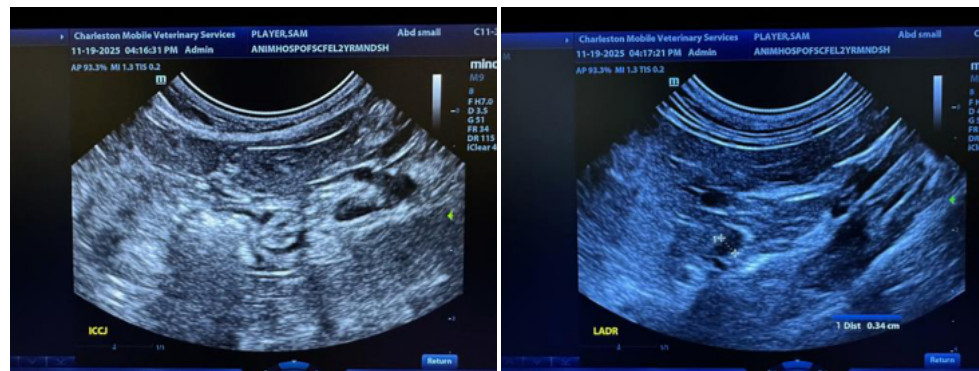
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- The mild splenomegaly is likely secondary to sedation with a lower possibility of lymphoid hyperplasia, extramedullary hematopoiesis, antigenic stimulation, splenitis or emerging neoplasia.
- The pancreatic changes may be a normal variant for this patient or could be consistent with mild, chronic pancreatitis. Correlation with clinical findings is recommended.
- Prominent mesenteric lymph node is likely reactive with a lower possibility of emerging neoplasia.

*An obvious cause for the patient's clinical signs is not definitively identified in this study. Considerations include behavioral issue, underlying metabolic issue, other.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

A minimum database including a CBC chemistry panel and urinalysis is recommended to assess overall metabolic function. If results are normal, behavioral modification measures should be initiated.





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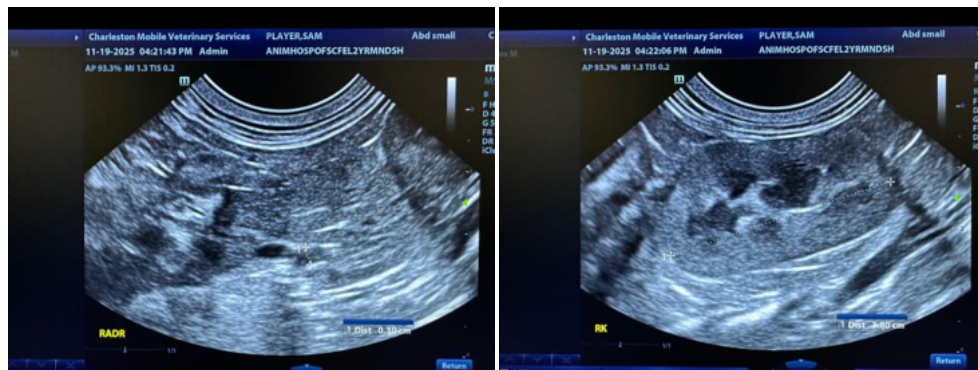
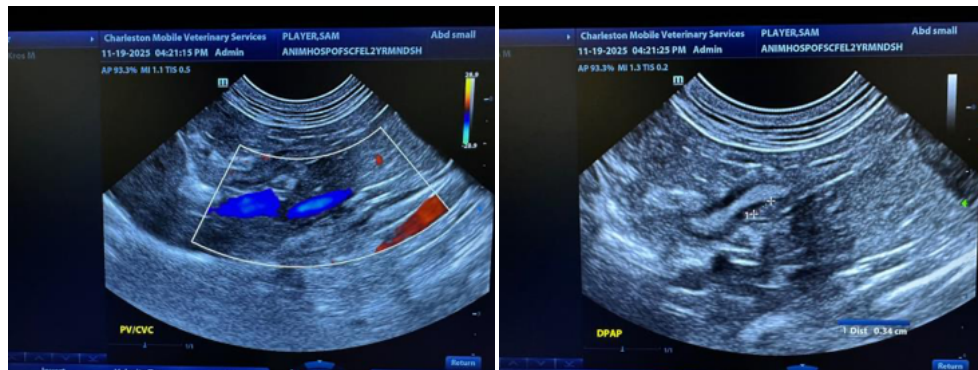
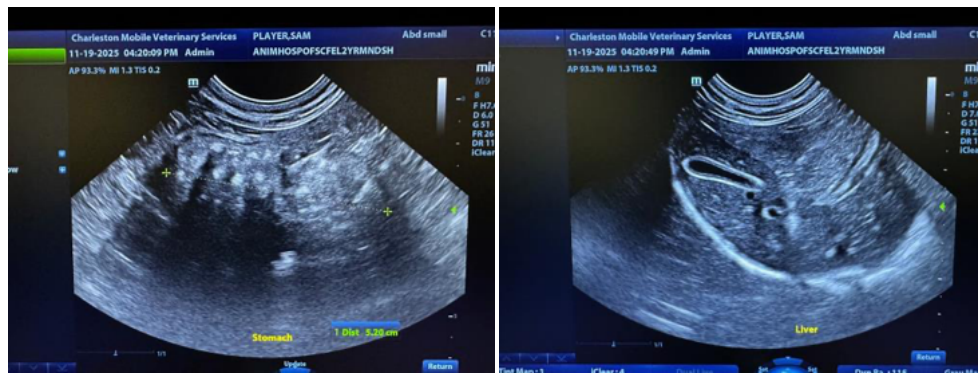
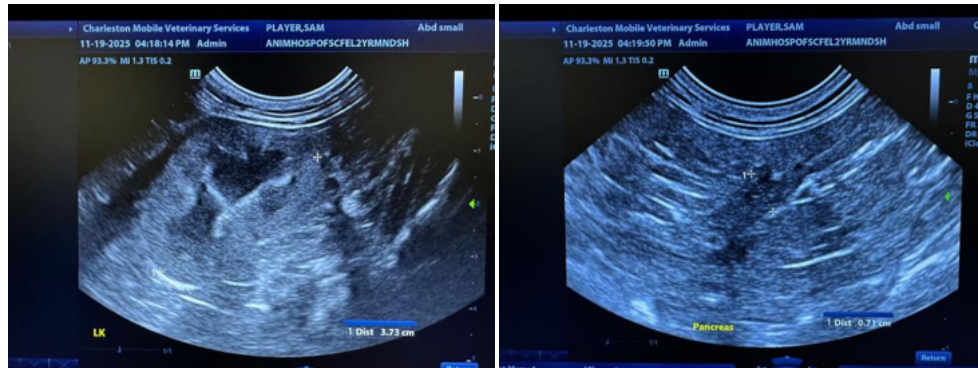
Dr. Stone

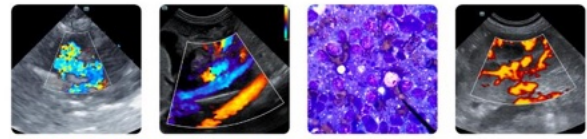
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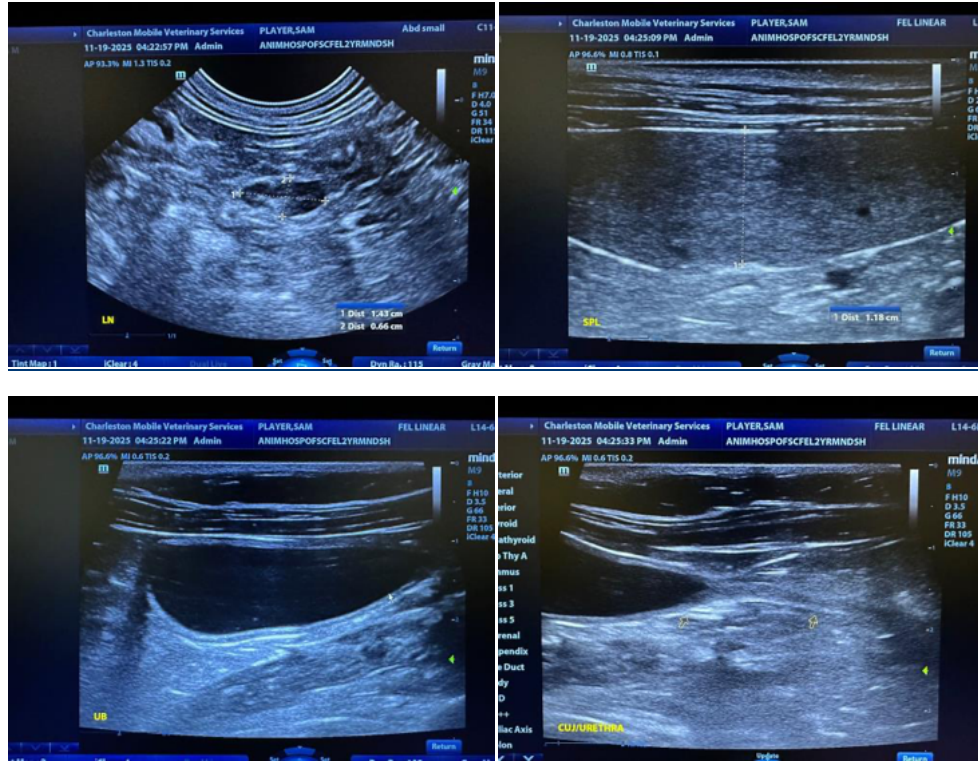
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, MPH, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)
info@SonoPath.com