

**DATE PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

8.16.23 Being seen for a follow up ultrasound following excision of anal sac carcinoma and to reassess urolithiasis.

PATIENT

Brady Morningstar

Current Medications: Apoquel 3.6mg SID chronic, Bravecto chronic, Interceptor Plus chronic, Welactin chronic.

Lab Results: Elevated Triglycerides 576.

Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: 3/1/23. See attached. And 11/2/22.

Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.

Stat Report: Not requested.

Imaging Performed By: Rachel Brillhart, RDMS.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Shih Tzu Mix

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

4/20/2014

WEIGHT

19.9 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

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Diplomate DACVIM
(Small Animal
Internal Medicine)

HOSPITAL NAME

Paradise AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Twardzik

INVOICE

14125

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is moderately distended. The wall in the region of the apex is thickened (up to 0.40 cm) and irregular, with a few polypoid-like lesions protruding into the lumen. A few, small, cystic calculi are visualized (the largest measuring 0.45 cm in diameter), along with some gravity-dependent mineralized sand. The region of the trigone and the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 3 cm, are normal.

The prostate is normal in size (1.05 cm in width) and shape. Parenchyma is homogenous. The prostatic urethra appears normal without evidence of dilation or obstruction.

The left kidney is normal in size (4.63 cm in length) with a normal shape, smooth peripheral margins, and normal internal architecture. There is moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several hyperechoic shadowing diverticular foci are observed. Pinpoint foci of mineralization are visualized. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal in size (4.44 cm in length) with a normal shape, smooth peripheral margins, and normal internal architecture. There is moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several hyperechoic shadowing diverticular foci are observed. Pinpoint foci of mineralization are visualized. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.54 cm at cranial pole) (0.51 cm at caudal pole) (1.65 cm in length) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is in normal size (0.46 cm at cranial pole) (0.51 cm at caudal pole) (1.89 cm in length) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (1.08 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is isoechoic relative to the spleen and exhibits mild heterogeneity. No distinct focal lesions are observed. Hepatic vasculature and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach and intestine are free of stasis and exhibit normal peristaltic activity. The gastric lumen is not distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The ileocecolic junction and colonic wall are normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.

Pancreas

The right limb of the pancreas is visible with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is largely isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat and slightly mottled in appearance. The pancreatic duct is visible but not overtly dilated. There is no evidence of peripancreatic inflammation or effusion.

Free Abdomen

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary Findings

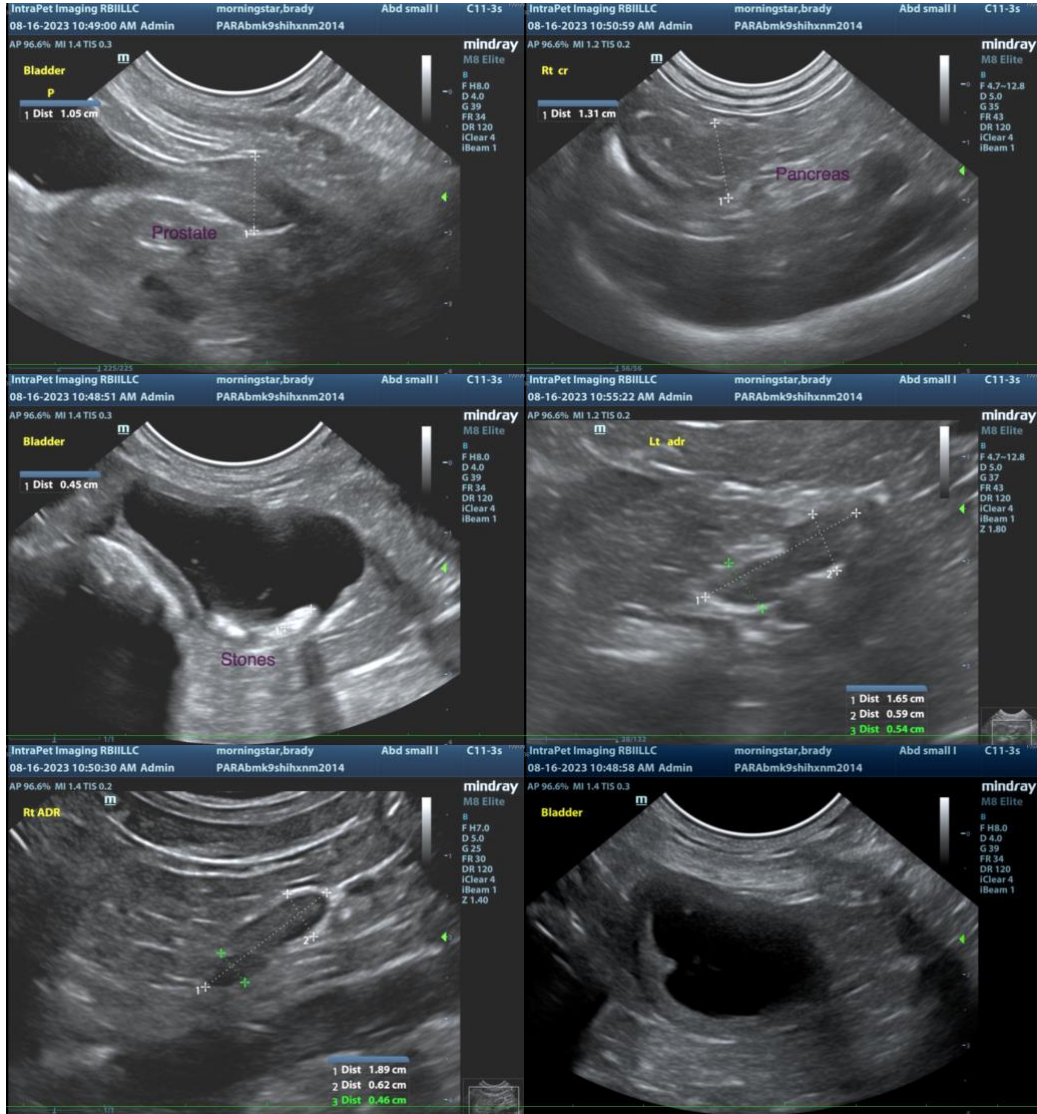
- Cystic calculi and luminal sand. Bladder wall changes most consistent with polypoid cystitis (with a lower possibility of emerging neoplasia).

Secondary Findings

- Bilateral chronic renal changes with dystrophic mineralization. Changes are similar to the previous sonogram.
- The diffuse hepatic changes are non-specific and could be consistent with vacuolar hepatopathy, regenerative nodular hyperplasia, and/or age-related remodeling. Inflammatory and infiltrative disease are considered less likely.
- Minor age-related pancreatic remodeling in the right limb
- There is no obvious evidence of metastatic disease from the previously-removed anal gland adenocarcinoma.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

- Consider a cystotomy with bladder stone removal, analysis and culture . If pursued, the polypoid-like lesions at the bladder apex should be biopsied at the time of surgery. Given the patient's age, three-view thoracic radiographs are recommended prior to any anesthetic event.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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