



PATIENT

Daisy Jimenez

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

Female, intact

AGE

11 weeks

WEIGHT

3.3 kg.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Tom McNeill

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging CT

REFERRING VET

Dr. Graham

INVOICE

13849

DATE

8/16/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Daisy was hospitalized here from 8/12-8/14 for possible distemper. Daisy was doing okay for a while when owners brought her home. She ate chicken and rice 4-6 times yesterday. Now today she seems more lethargic, she doesn't want to pick her head up, she is not interested in food or water, and she seems to stumble/confused when walking around. Daisy also vomited last night. Her stools have been soft and she has been urinating frequently. Distemper PCR test pending.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is moderately distended. A moderate amount of suspended echogenic debris is observed within the lumen. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. The region of the trigone is normal.

The left kidney is normal size (5.29 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with normal corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter.

The right kidney is normal size (5.86 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with normal corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.31 cm at cranial pole) (0.35 cm at caudal pole); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.39 cm at cranial pole) (0.53 cm at caudal pole); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (0.89 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy observed. The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

Gastrointestinal



PATIENT

Daisy Jimenez

The gastric lumen is distended with ingesta. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. No obstructive disease is noted.

SPECIES

Canine

Pancreas

A portion of the pancreas is obscured by the gastric distention. In the visualized portions, no obvious pathology is seen.

BREED

Golden Retriever

Free Abdomen

SEX

Female, intact

Trace free fluid is observed. A few prominent mesenteric lymph nodes are visualized, the largest measuring 2.42 cm in length.

AGE

11 weeks

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

WEIGHT

3.3 kg.

- The urinary bladder debris could be consistent with cells, crystals, lipid droplets and/or exfoliated material.
- The abdominal lymphadenopathy could be consistent with immunologic immaturity, reactive lymphadenitis or lymphoid hyperplasia. Infiltrative neoplasia is possible but considered unlikely.
- The significance of the trace ascites is unclear. This can be normal finding in a puppy but may be secondary to increased vascular permeability or low oncotic pressure or increased hydrostatic pressure. Correlation with the patient's clinical history is recommended.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

IMAGING

PERFORMED BY

Tom McNeill

- Baseline labwork including a CBC chemistry panel, urinalysis and T4 are recommended if not already performed.
- Given the neurologic signs, consider pre- and post-prandial serum bile acids to screen for a congenital portosystemic shunt/occult hepatic dysfunction as a cause for the neurologic signs.
- If the above diagnostics are inconclusive and the distemper test is negative, consider referral to a board-certified neurologist for further evaluation (i.e., MRI, CSF tap). In the meantime, supportive care for acute gastroenteritis is recommended along with a fecal evaluation for ova and Giardia.

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging CT

REFERRING VET

Dr. Graham

INVOICE

13849

DATE

8/16/22



PATIENT

Daisy Jimenez

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

Female, intact

AGE

11 weeks

WEIGHT

3.3 kg.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal
Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Tom McNeill

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging CT

REFERRING VET

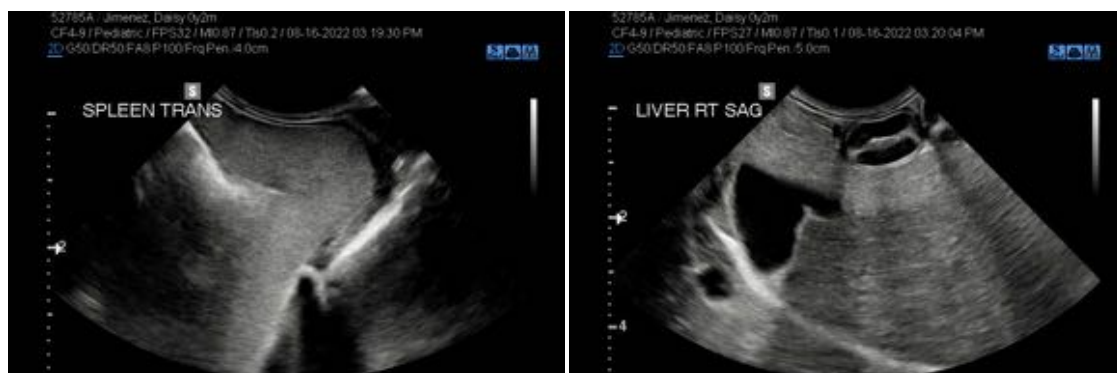
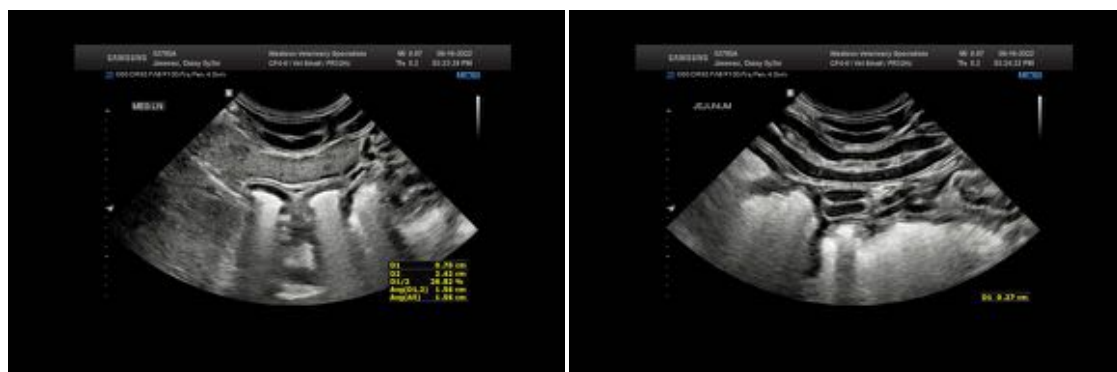
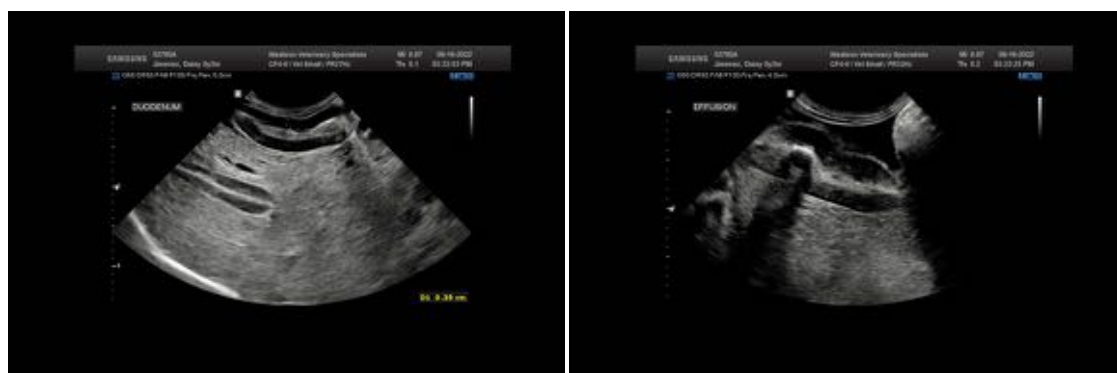
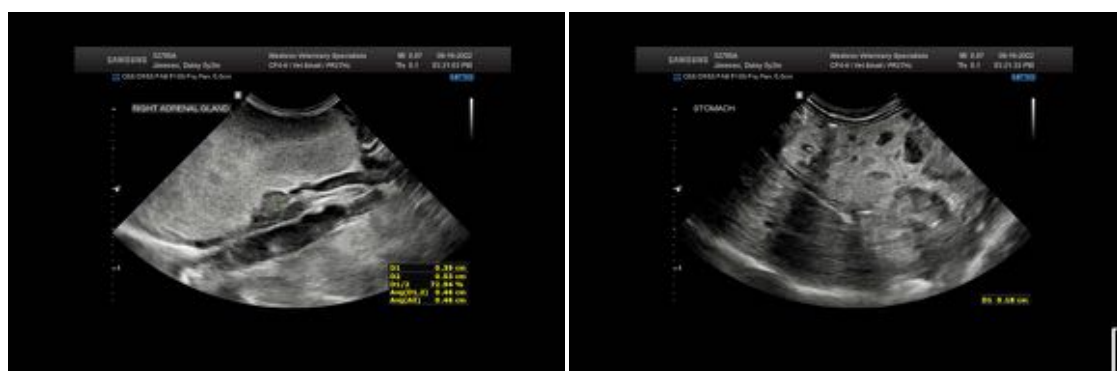
Dr. Graham

INVOICE

13849

DATE

8/16/22





PATIENT

Daisy Jimenez

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

Female, intact

AGE

11 weeks

WEIGHT

3.3 kg.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(*Small Animal Internal
Medicine*)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Tom McNeill

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging CT

REFERRING VET

Dr. Graham

INVOICE

13849

DATE

8/16/22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, MPH, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)
info@SonoPath.com