


PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Callie Jamison History: A mast cell tumor was diagnosed on her right elbow about a week ago. ~2-3 inches. Staging for sx. Bw drawn today, chest rads obtained and normal. Otherwise quite healthy.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Mast cell tumor: consistent with an inflamed mast cell tumor
Canine COMMENTS: The slides contain frequent mixed inflammatory cells, spindle cells, and a population of moderately to heavily granulated mast cells consistent with an inflamed mast cell tumor. The mast cells appear well-differentiated,

BREED ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Bernese Mt Dog

Urinary System
SEX

Spayed Female

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is moderately distended with anechoic urine. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and the visible portion of the proximal urethra are normal.

AGE

8.5 years

The left kidney is normal size (7.38 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

WEIGHT

74 lbs

The right kidney is normal size (7.32 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands
INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro,
 DVM, Diplomate
 ACVIM (Small
 Animal Internal
 Medicine)

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.56 cm at cranial pole) (0.75 cm at caudal pole); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.69 cm at cranial pole) (0.64 cm at caudal pole), normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Charlie Rodriguez

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (0.57 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

HOSPITAL NAME

Bethany Family PC

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy observed.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Charlie Rodriguez

INVOICE

11151

DATE

6/21/22

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. A small amount of echogenic debris is adhered to the luminal surface. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach and intestine are free of stasis and exhibit normal peristaltic activity. The gastric lumen is minimally distended with fluid and gas. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.

Pancreas

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

Free Abdomen

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

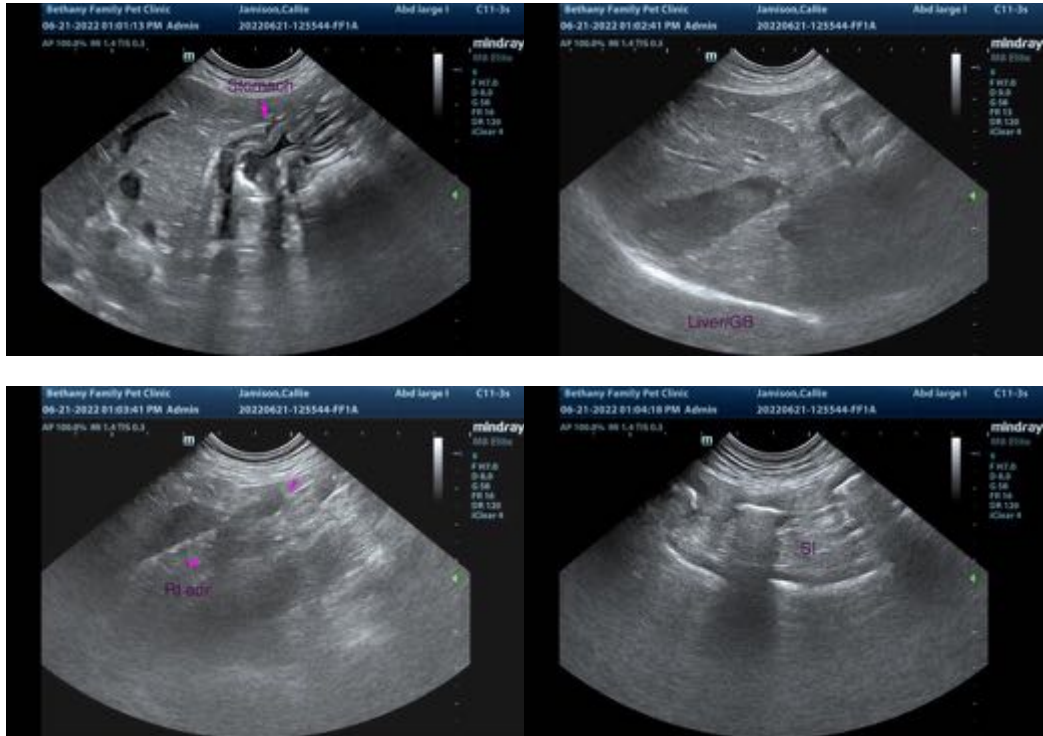
Primary Findings

- Unremarkable abdomen. There is no obvious evidence of metastatic disease within the abdominal cavity.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Consider consultation with a board-certified oncologist for further recommendations.





The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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