



**PATIENT**

Maggie Feeny

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Presented for PE, increase liver values, no clinical signs  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE: nsf CBC: nsf CHEM: alt 146, SAF 425 UA n/a

**SPECIES**

Canine

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

*Urinary System*

**BREED**

MBR

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is moderately distended with anechoic urine. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and the visible portion of the proximal urethra are normal.

**SEX**

Female, spayed

The left kidney is normal in size (5.33 cm in length) with a normal shape, smooth peripheral margins and normal internal architecture. There is mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several hyperechoic shadowing diverticular foci are observed. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

**AGE**

12 Yrs.

The right kidney is normal size (5.67 cm in length) with a normal shape, smooth peripheral margins and normal internal architecture. There is mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several hyperechoic shadowing diverticular foci are observed. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

**WEIGHT**

27.8 lbs.

*Adrenal Glands*

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.55 cm at cranial pole) (0.59 cm at caudal pole) (1.78 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.58 cm at cranial pole) (0.64 cm at caudal pole) (2.32 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,  
Diplomate ACVIM  
(Small Animal Internal  
Medicine)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Ahsley Fatzner

*Spleen*

The spleen is normal in size (1.67 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Andover AH

*Liver*

The liver is subjectively prominent in size. The parenchyma is hypoechoic relative to the spleen and subtly mottled in appearance. In one video clip, a 4.12 x 3.93 cm isoechoic swelling/mass is observed at the caudal aspect, on the right side. The lesion causes capsular expansion. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Hummel

**INVOICE**

13318

*Gastrointestinal*

**DATE**

5/4/22



**PATIENT**

Maggie Feeny

The stomach and intestine are free of stasis and exhibit normal peristaltic activity. The gastric lumen is not distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. No obstructive disease is noted.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Pancreas**

The right limb of the pancreas is visible with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is largely isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat and slightly mottled in appearance. The pancreatic duct is visible but not overtly dilated. There is no evidence of peripancreatic inflammation or effusion.

**BREED**

MBR

**Free Abdomen**

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

**SEX**

Female, spayed

**AGE**

12 Yrs.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**Primary Findings:**

- Possible right caudal hepatic swelling/mass. Differentials include regenerative nodular hyperplasia vs tumor (i.e., adenoma, adenocarcinoma) vs other. The diffuse hepatic parenchymal changes are non-specific and are most likely associated with a benign process (i.e., age-related remodeling, vacuolar hepatopathy and/or regenerative nodular hyperplasia.

**WEIGHT**

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**Secondary Findings:**

- Bilateral, minor age-related renal changes with dystrophic mineralization.
- Minor age-related pancreatic remodeling.

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(Small Animal Internal  
Medicine)

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

- If an aggressive approach is desired, consider an abdominal exploratory with liver biopsy and evaluation of the swelling/mass. An abdominal CT scan would be useful in pre-surgical planning.
- Alternatively, if a more conservative approach is desired, consider a recheck ultrasound in 4 weeks to assess for growth/progression of the hepatic lesion.
- Serial monitoring (i.e., every 3-4 months) of the patient's liver values is recommended. If liver values continue to increase, a repeat abdominal ultrasound +/- hepatic tissue sampling may be warranted.

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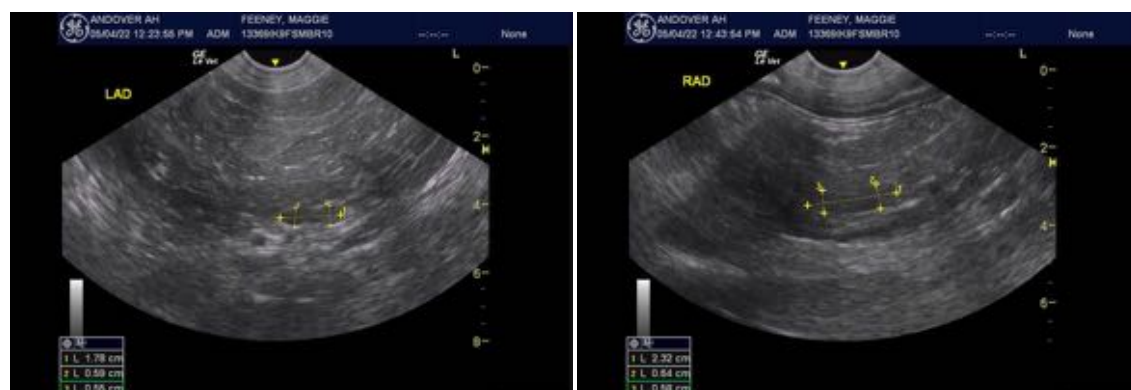
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, DVM, Diplomate ACVIM (*Small Animal Internal Medicine*)

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