



PATIENT

Charlie Bohannon

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Toy Poodle

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

8/1/2014

WEIGHT

9.6 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro DVM
Diplomate ACVIM
(Sm Animal Internal Med)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Andrea Nicastro DVM
Diplomate ACVIM
(Sm Animal Internal Med)

HOSPITAL NAME

Pet Vet AH

REFERRING VET

Ashley Adam

INVOICE

22951

DATE

4-30-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Clinical Exam Findings: Last couple nights, patient present with anxiety, restlessness, whining, and inappropriate defecation in house. Owner reports patient seems painful and can't settle. Abdomen was tense and splinting upon exam in office today. Owner also reports diarrhea.

Abnormal lab-work values: 12/25/2025 - ALT (191), ALP (135), CHOL (390)
4/30/2026 - ALT (308), ALP (293), CHOL (414). Fecal was negative.
Current Medications: Gabapentin 50mg. No response to pain medication.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness. The mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder is moderately distended. Luminal contents are anechoic. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 2.5 to 3.0 cm, are normal.

The prostate is normal in size (0.71 cm in width) and shape. Parenchyma is homogenous. The prostatic urethra appears normal without evidence of dilation or obstruction.

The left kidney is normal in size (3.41 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal in size (4.18 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.48 cm at cranial pole) (0.45 cm at caudal pole) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.40 cm at cranial pole) (0.37 cm at caudal pole) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (1.42 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

The gallbladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. A small- to moderate amount of gravity-dependent, echogenic- to mineralized debris/sand is observed within the lumen. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.



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Gastrointestinal

The gastric lumen is mildly gas-distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.

Pancreas

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

Lymph Nodes

The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

Free Abdomen

There is no obvious evidence of free fluid.

Other

A brief echocardiogram reveals no evidence of pericardial effusion or obvious right atrial/auricular mass.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary Findings

- An obvious cause for the elevated liver enzymes is not identified in the study. However, reactive hepatopathy or a microscopic hepatopathy (i.e., bacterial cholangiohepatitis, Leptospirosis, chronic active hepatitis, copper-associated hepatotoxicity, infiltrative neoplasia (less likely)) is suspected.
- Gallbladder debris/sand, non-mucocele

Secondary Findings

- Mild bilateral nonspecific age-related renal changes

*An obvious cause for the patient's clinical signs is not definitively identified in this study. Considerations include orthopedic or neurologic disease, metabolic disease, primary enteropathy, other.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

- Regarding the patient's clinical signs, consider the following:
 1. Prophylactic deworming with fenbendazole
 2. Symptomatic care for gastroenteritis
 3. Orthopedic and neurologic examinations
 4. Baseline blood pressure measurement to assess for systemic hypertension
 5. Thoracic radiographs to assess for occult pathology in the chest
 6. Depending on the results of the above diagnostics, further work-up may be indicated. In the meantime, symptomatic care is recommended.



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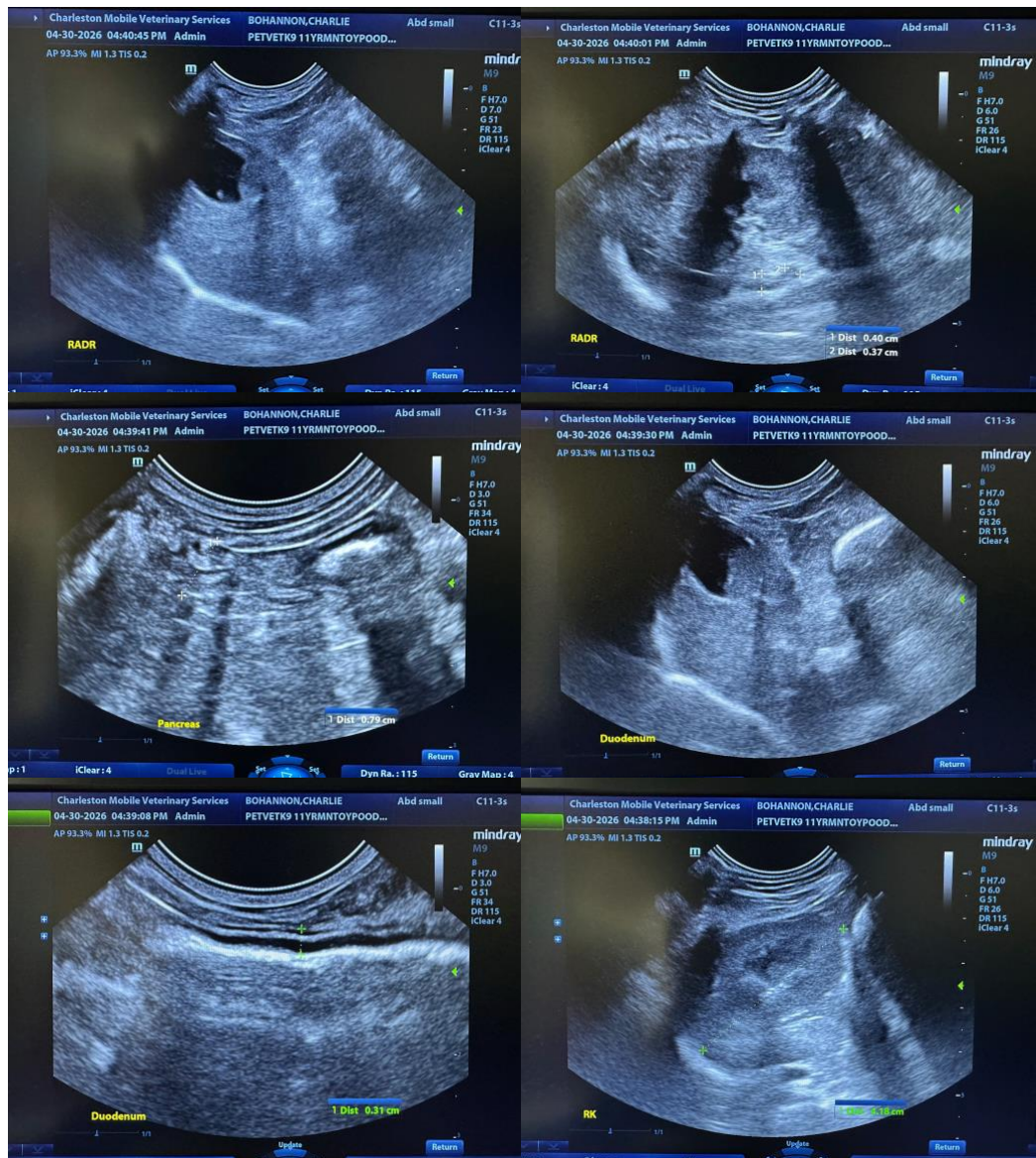
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- Regarding the elevated liver values, the following can be considered:

1. Pre- and postprandial serum bile acids
2. Leptospirosis testing (i.e., blood and urine PCR, serology) particularly if the clinical suspicion for disease is high
3. +/- hepatic tissue sampling (i.e., aspirates or biopsies) assuming normal clotting status. If biopsies are pursued, aerobic and anaerobic bile cultures and hepatic copper quantitation should also be performed.
4. If a more conservative approach is desired, consider rechecking liver values in 2-3 weeks to assess progression.





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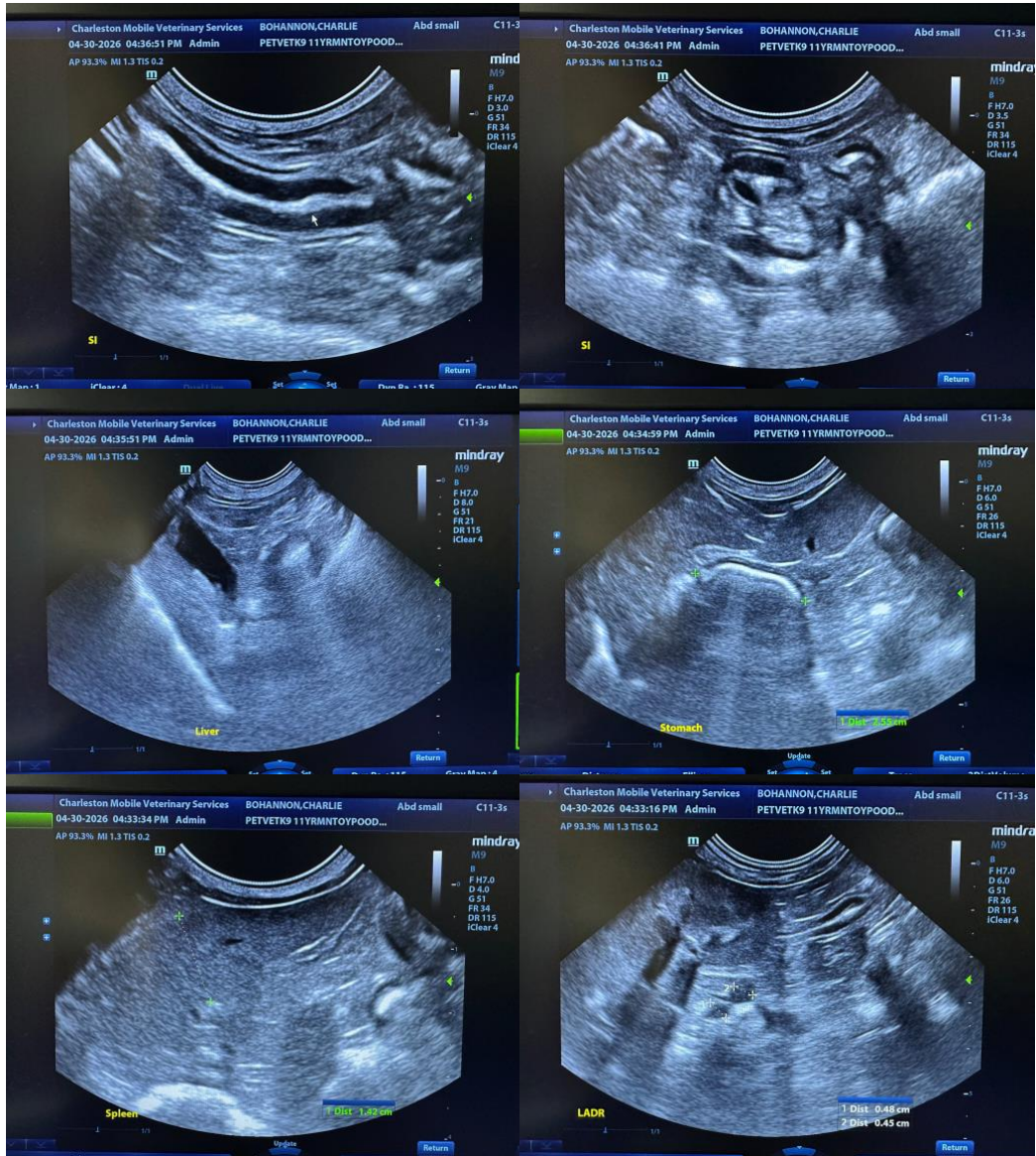
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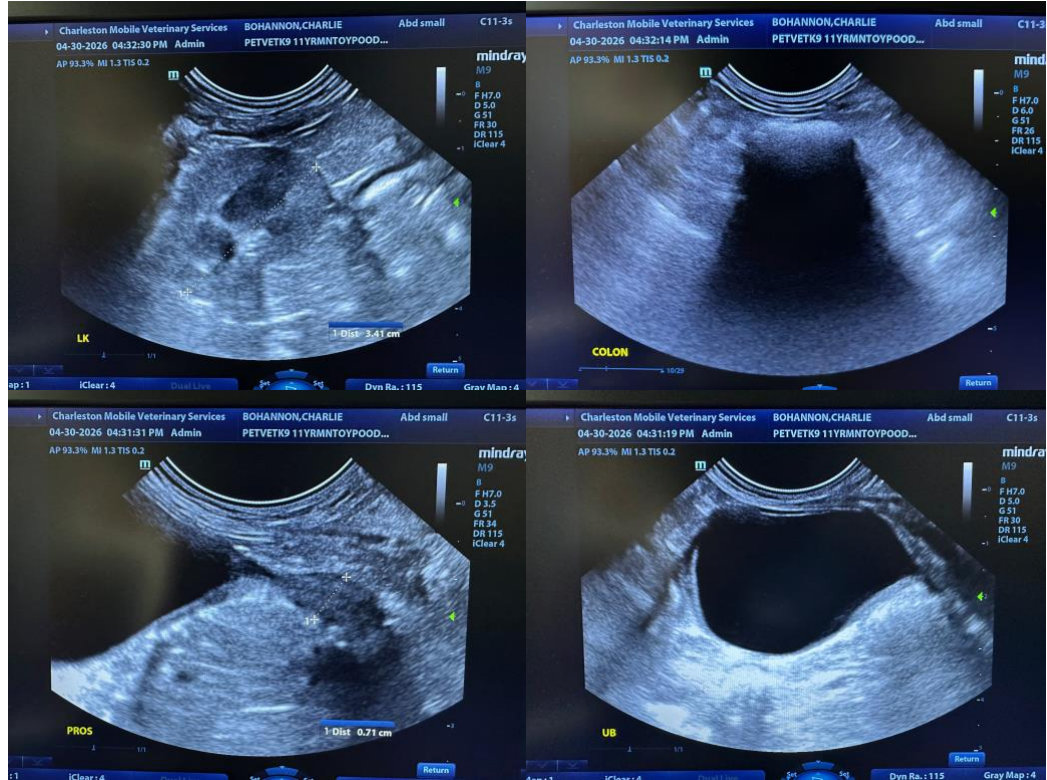
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, MPH, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)
info@SonoPath.com