

PATIENT

Jax White

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Fr Bulldog

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

3

WEIGHT

21 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
Diplomate ACVIM
(Sm Animal Internal Med)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
Diplomate ACVIM
(Sm Animal Internal Med)

HOSPITAL NAME

Dunes VC

REFERRING VET

Dr Devin Soileau

INVOICE

22786

DATE

4-1-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

March 4, 2026, Bloodwork: ALT 527. BUN 30. Normal creatinine. PVC unremarkable. Positive cPLI on 3/23/26
Vomits intermittently. Occasional loose stools.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness. The mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder is moderately distended. Luminal contents are mostly anechoic. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 2 cm, are normal.

The prostate is normal in size (0.80 cm in width) and shape. Parenchyma is homogenous. The prostatic urethra appears normal without evidence of dilation or obstruction.

The left kidney is normal in size (4.30 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with normal corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal in size (4.01 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with normal corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.43 cm at cranial pole) (0.42 cm at caudal pole) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (0.41 cm at cranial pole) (0.49 cm at caudal pole) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (1.40 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

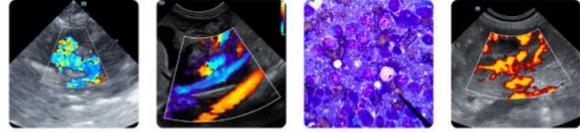
Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The portal vein to caudal vena cava ratio is approximately 1: 1.

The gallbladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are mostly anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

Gastrointestinal

The gastric lumen is not distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The ileocecolic junction and colonic wall are normal. There is no evidence of



PATIENT

an obstructive pattern.

Jax White

Pancreas

The pancreas is diffusely visible, with minimal deviation from the normal peripheral contours. The parenchyma is slightly hypoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No focal lesions are observed. The pancreatic duct is not overtly dilated. There is no evidence of peripancreatic inflammation or effusion.

SPECIES

Canine

Lymph Nodes

The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

BREED

Fr Bulldog

Free Abdomen

There is no obvious evidence of free fluid.

SEX

Neutered Male

Other

A brief echocardiogram reveals no evidence of pericardial effusion or obvious right atrial/auricular mass.

AGE

3

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

WEIGHT

21 lbs

- An obvious cause for the elevated liver enzymes is not identified in the study. However, a microscopic hepatopathy (i.e., bacterial cholangiohepatitis, Leptospirosis, chronic active hepatitis, copper-associated hepatotoxicity, infiltrative neoplasia (less likely)) is suspected.
- The pancreatic changes may be a normal variant for this patient or could be consistent with mild, chronic pancreatitis. Correlation with clinical findings is recommended.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
Diplomate ACVIM
(Sm Animal Internal Med)

* It is unclear whether the patient's GI signs are secondary to an underlying hepatopathy, or if a separate issue (i.e., primary enteropathy such as inflammatory bowel disease, food allergy/intolerance, infectious/parasitic disease) or a different metabolic issue (i.e., hypoadrenocorticism, exocrine pancreatic insufficiency), may be present.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
Diplomate ACVIM
(Sm Animal Internal Med)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

HOSPITAL NAME

Dunes VC

- Regarding the elevated ALT, consider the following:
 1. Pre- and postprandial serum bile acids
 2. Leptospirosis testing (i.e., blood and urine PCR, serology), particularly if the clinical suspicion for disease is high
 3. Depending on the results of the above diagnostics, liver biopsies with aerobic and anaerobic bile cultures and hepatic copper quantitation may be warranted.

REFERRING VET

Dr Devin Soileau

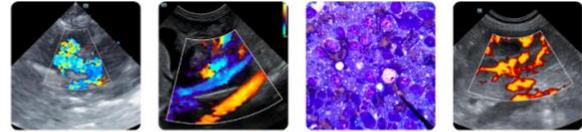
- Other diagnostics considerations include the following:
 1. Fecal evaluation for ova and Giardia (if not already performed)
 2. Prophylactic deworming with fenbendazole
 3. GI panel including serum cobalamin and folate, TLI, PLI and resting cortisol level
 4. +/- a 3-4-week limited antigen or hydrolyzed protein diet trial
 5. +/- endoscopic or surgical GI biopsies

INVOICE

22786

DATE

4-1-26



PATIENT

Jax White

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Fr Bulldog

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

3

WEIGHT

21 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

HOSPITAL NAME

Dunes VC

REFERRING VET

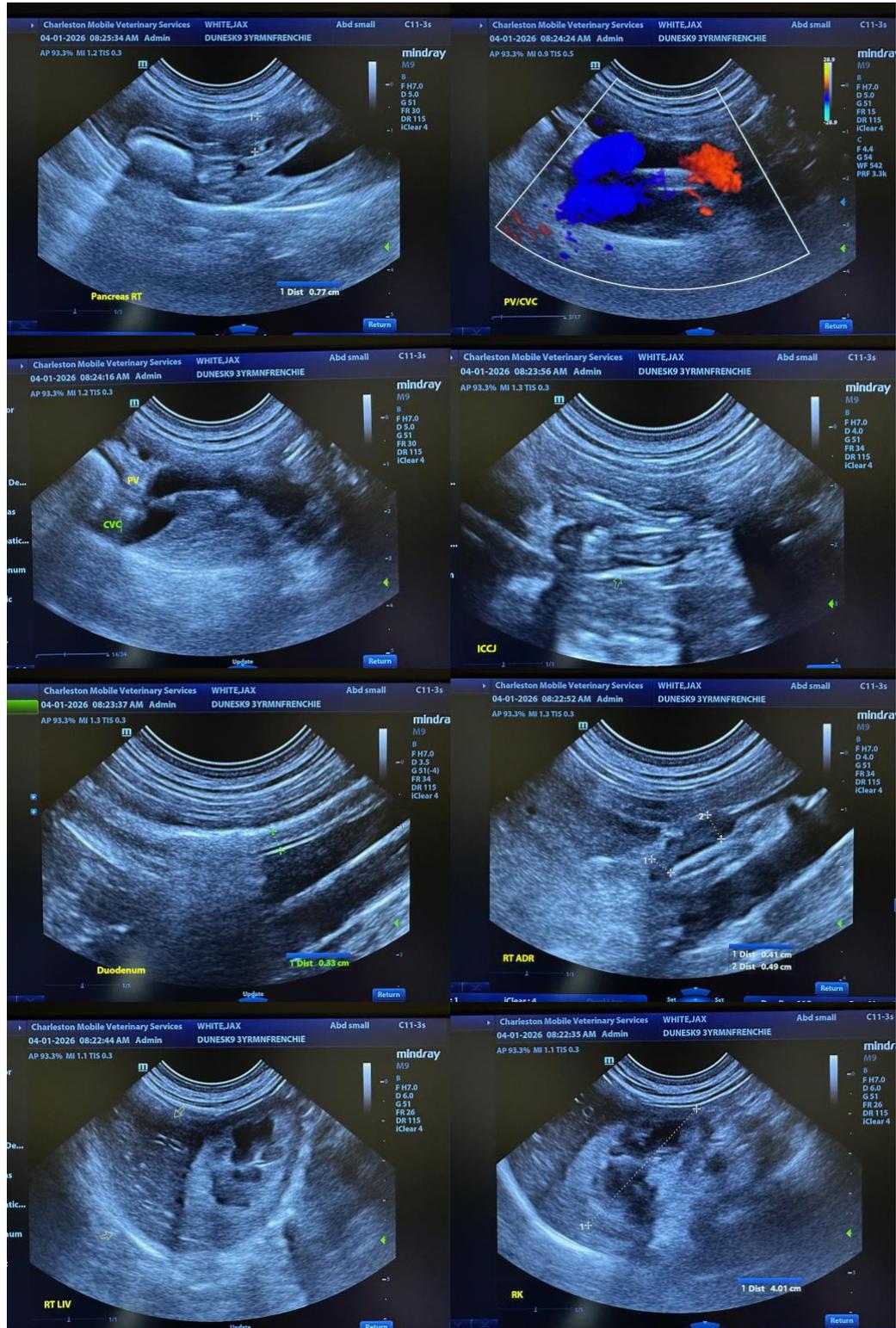
Dr Devin Soileau

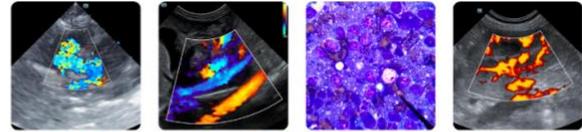
INVOICE

22786

DATE

4-1-26





PATIENT

Jax White

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Fr Bulldog

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

3

WEIGHT

21 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

HOSPITAL NAME

Dunes VC

REFERRING VET

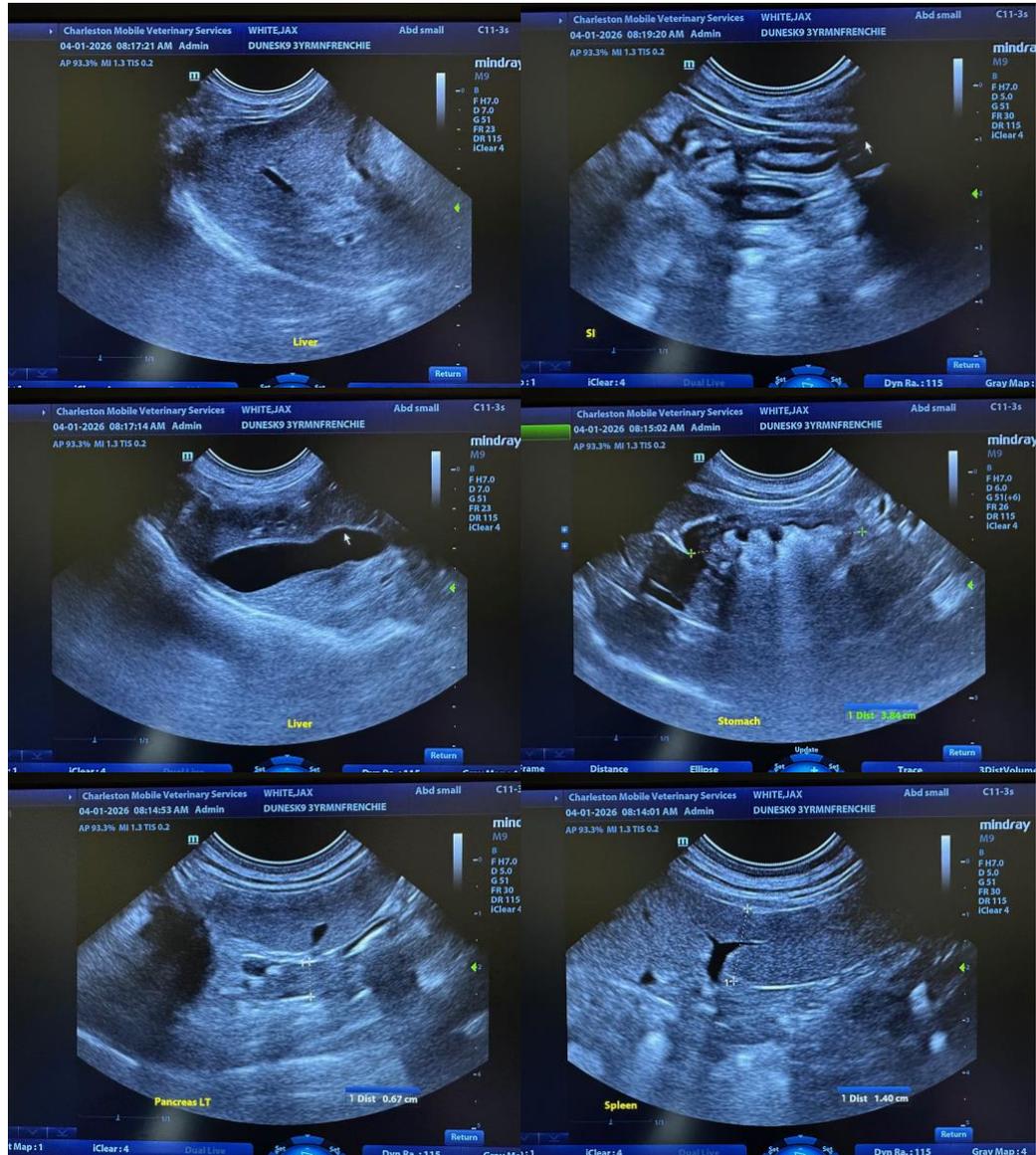
Dr Devin Soileau

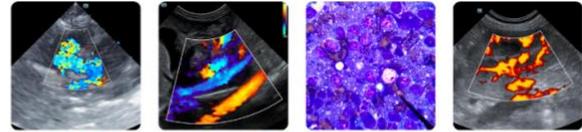
INVOICE

22786

DATE

4-1-26





PATIENT

Jax White

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Fr Bulldog

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

3

WEIGHT

21 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Andrea Nicastrò DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

HOSPITAL NAME

Dunes VC

REFERRING VET

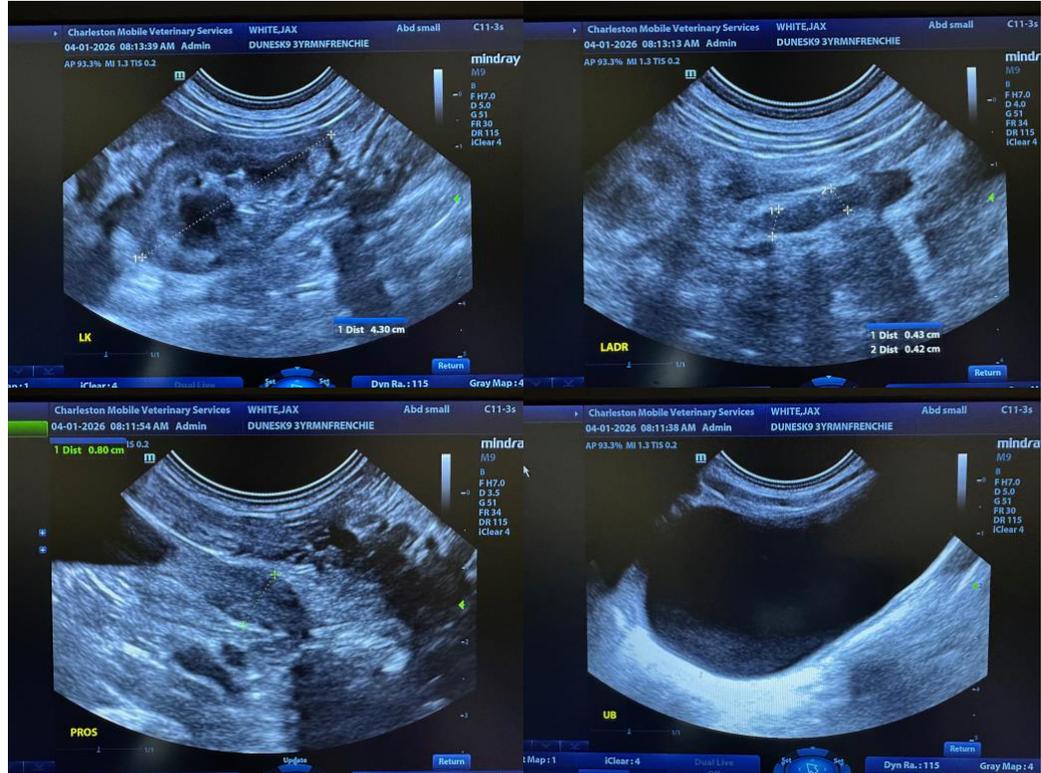
Dr Devin Soileau

INVOICE

22786

DATE

4-1-26



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Andrea Nicastrò, MPH, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)
info@SonoPath.com