

PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Lucy Weeks
History: vomiting
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: please see attached BW

SPECIES Globulins are elevated. ALT 1643. ALP 432. GGT 40. tbili 9. CBc shows mild thrombocytosis
Canine

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

BREED *Urinary System*

Cockapoo
The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is moderately distended with anechoic urine. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. Ureteral papillae and visualized portion of the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 2 cm, are normal.

SEX

Spayed Female
The left kidney is normal size (4.36 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal to mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

AGE

12 years
The right kidney is normal size (3.86 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal to mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

WEIGHT

18 lbs

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is mildly enlarged (0.64 cm at cranial pole) (0.66 cm at caudal pole) (1.87 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

The right adrenal gland is mildly enlarged (1.32 cm at cranial pole) (0.58 cm at caudal pole) (2.01 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro,
DVM, Diplomate
ACVIM (*Small Animal
Internal Medicine*)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reschny

HOSPITAL NAME

Maples AH

Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (1.43 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

Liver

The liver is subjectively prominent in size with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is hypoechoic relative to the spleen. A 1.22 cm hypoechoic nodule is observed on the left side. In addition, one to two small hyperechoic nodules are seen. The remaining parenchyma is slightly mottled in appearance. Hepatic vasculature and intrahepatic biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Kazienko

INVOICE

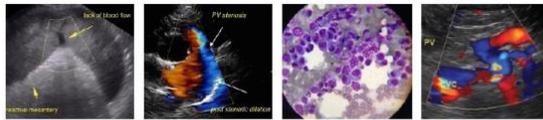
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The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal.

DATE

3/29/22

Gastrointestinal



PATIENT

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The gastric lumen is mildly fluid distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease is noted.

SPECIES

Canine

Pancreas

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

BREED

Cockapoo

Free Abdomen

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

SEX

Spayed Female

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary Findings

- Based on the patient's clinical history, a diffuse hepatopathy is suspected. Differentials include inflammatory hepatopathy (i.e., bacterial cholangiohepatitis, chronic active hepatitis), hepatotoxicosis (i.e., copper) infiltrative neoplasia (less likely), +/- concurrent age-related regenerative nodular hyperplasia and/or vacuolar hepatopathy.

Secondary Findings

- Mild bilateral adrenomegaly
- Bilateral nonspecific, minor age-related renal changes

AGE

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WEIGHT

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Internal Medicine*)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Leptospirosis testing (i.e., blood and urine PCR, serology) is recommended, particularly if the patient lives in an endemic area, and/or is not vaccinated for the disease.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reschny

Ideally, hepatic tissue sampling (i.e., fine-needle aspirate or surgical biopsy), would be performed. Surgical biopsies would be ideal in that they are more likely to provide a definitive diagnosis. If surgery is pursued, aerobic and anaerobic bile cultures and acquisition of additional hepatic tissue samples for potential copper quantitation should be obtained.

HOSPITAL NAME

Maples AH

While awaiting test results, empirical treatment for bacterial cholangiohepatitis/Leptospirosis, is recommended, including fluid therapy and broad-spectrum antibiotics (i.e., amoxicillin-clavulanic acid), hepatic antioxidants (i.e., Denamarin, Ursodiol), and symptomatic care is recommended.

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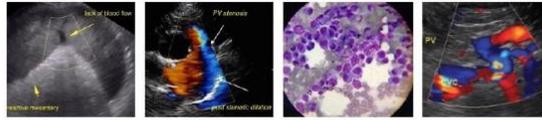
Given the patient's age, chest x-rays (i.e., three-view), are recommended prior to any anesthetic event

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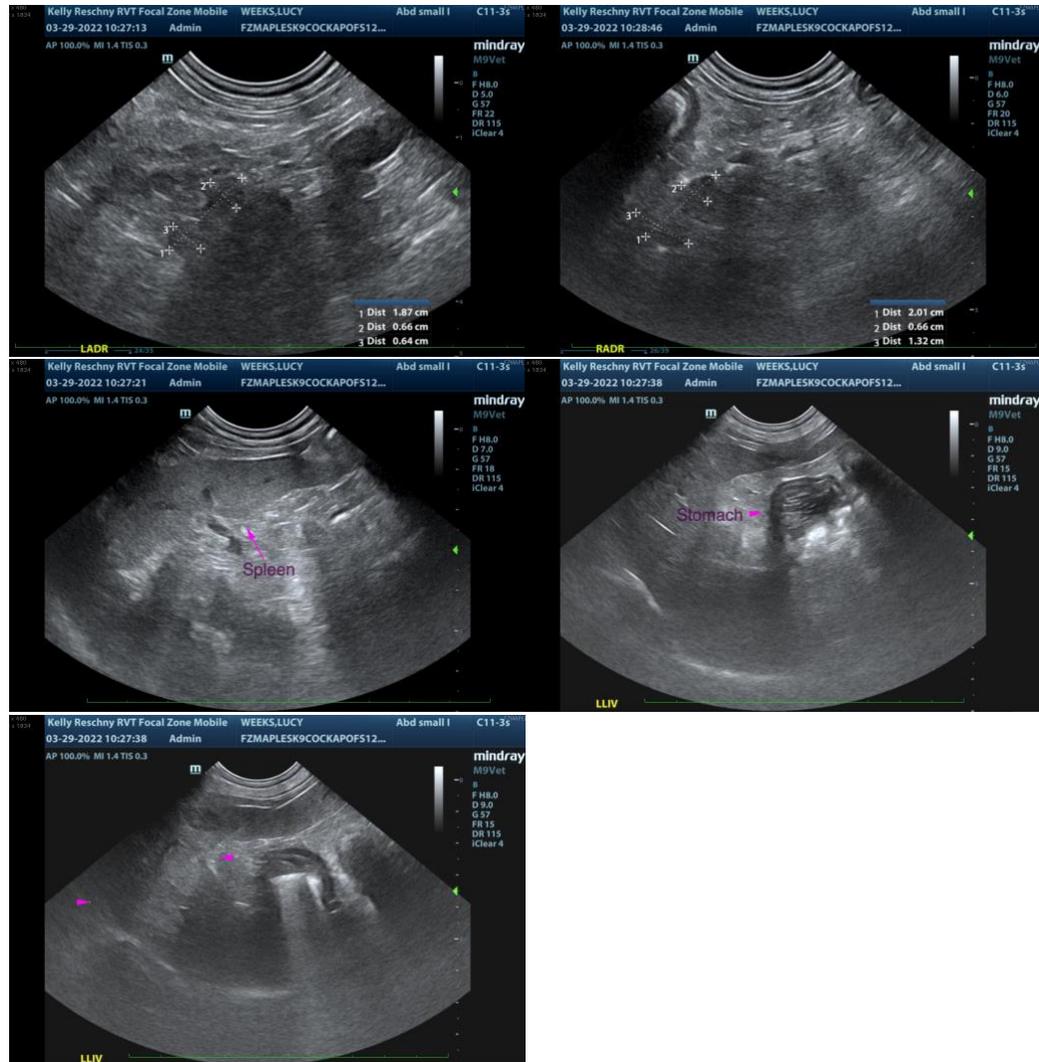
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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