



## PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Gatsby Mulvahill

### SPECIES

Feline

### BREED

DSH

### SEX

Neutered Male

### AGE

12

### WEIGHT

11.48 lbs

### INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,  
Diplomate ACVIM  
(Small Animal Internal  
Medicine)

### IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Andrea Nason

### HOSPITAL NAME

Caravan Vet

### REFERRING VET

Dr. Andrea Nason

### INVOICE

22692

### DATE

3-14-26

- Subtotal colectomy in 2024 due to chronic constipation and megacolon
- Initially, he seemed to be managing well but then re-developed constipation issues.
- There was concern at the time of his surgery for lymphoma on the biopsy
- He's on Cisapride transdermal BID (client can't do oral) and Royal Canin Fiber Response canned and dry
- Abdominal ultrasound to evaluate for any strictures/structural issues that could be contributing to the constipation as well as evaluating for any signs of lymphoma
- I'm concerned about loss of motility/contraction ability in the gut
- Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Crea 1.8

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness. The mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder is moderately distended. A scant amount of suspended echogenic debris is observed within the lumen. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone is normal.

The left kidney is normal in size (3.51 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild- to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal in size (3.69 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild- to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

### Adrenal Glands

The region of the adrenal glands is evaluated. No obvious pathology is observed in this region.

### Spleen

The spleen is normal in size (0.63 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

### Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is isoechoic relative to the spleen and diffusely homogeneous in appearance. No distinct focal lesions are observed. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

The gallbladder is of normal contours and contains some dependent echogenic debris. The wall is normal in thickness. No choleliths are observed. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal.

### Gastrointestinal

The gastric lumen is mildly to moderately-distended with ingesta. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is segmentally dilated with chyme. The small intestinal wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. The colonic lumen contains some shadowing fecal material. There is no obvious evidence of an obstructive pattern.



**PATIENT** *Pancreas*

Gatsby Mulvahill

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

**SPECIES** *Lymph Nodes*

Feline

The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

**BREED** *Free Abdomen*

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion.

**DSH** **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**SEX** **Primary Findings**

Neutered Male

- Bilateral nonspecific age-related renal changes
- If the patient was fasted for this study, the presence of ingesta within the gastric lumen could suggest delayed gastric emptying.

**AGE**

12

\*\*An obvious cause for the patient's constipation is not definitively identified in this study.

**WEIGHT** **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

11.48 lbs

- A minimum database (including a CBC, chemistry panel, urinalysis, and T4) is recommended to assess overall metabolic function (if not already performed).
- Consider a colonoscopy with biopsies to further evaluate for underlying colonic pathology Three-view thoracic radiographs are recommended prior to any anesthetic event.

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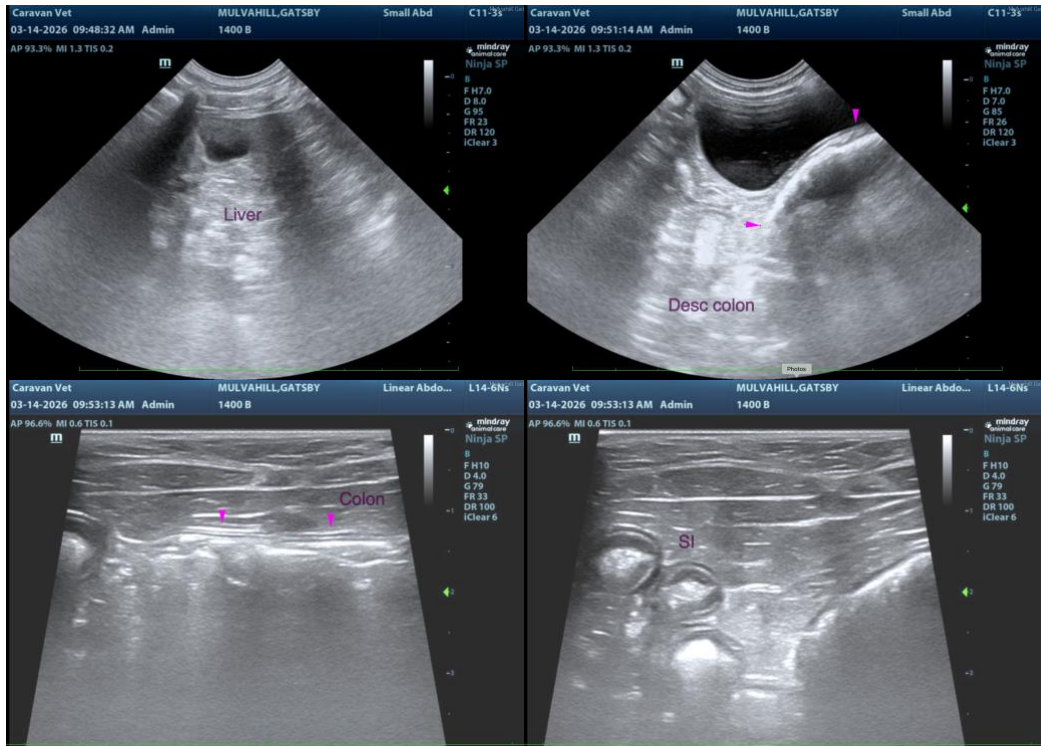
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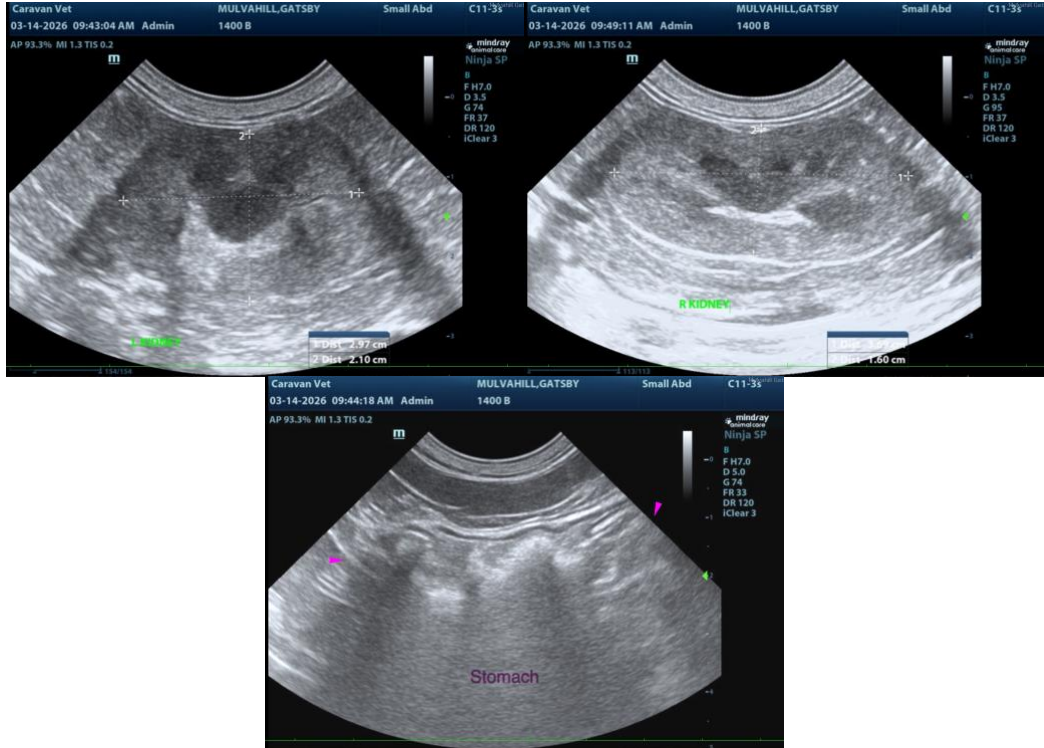
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**Andrea Nicastro, MPH, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)**  
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