



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Oscar Clark History: 43lb M/N 11yr old. Normal blood work. On Purina pro plan adult chicken and rice.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

SPECIES

Canine

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

BREED

Terrier

The urinary bladder is moderately distended. The wall is normal in thickness. The mucosal surface in the region of the apex is mildly irregular. Luminal contents are anechoic. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and the visible portion of the proximal urethra are normal.

SEX

Neutered Male

The prostate is normal in size (0.70 cm in width) and shape. Parenchyma is homogenous. The prostatic urethra appears normal without evidence of dilation or obstruction.

AGE

11 Years

The left kidney presented normal size (6.24 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with normal corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

WEIGHT

43 Pounds

The right kidney presented normal size (5.90 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with normal corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal)

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.55 cm at cranial pole) (.63 cm at caudal pole) (2.40 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Loetitia Saint-Jacques, RVT

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.69 cm at cranial pole) (0.62 cm at caudal pole) (2.50 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

HOSPITAL NAME

Pine Creek VC

Spleen

REFERRING VET

Dr. Denny Nolet

The spleen is normal in size (2.09 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

INVOICE

10017

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or

DATE

12/9/21



PATIENT

regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy observed.

Oscar Clark

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal.

SPECIES

Canine

Gastrointestinal

The stomach and intestine are free of stasis and exhibit normal peristaltic activity. The gastric lumen is not distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease is noted.

BREED

Terrier

SEX

Neutered Male

Pancreas

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

AGE

11 Years

Free Abdomen

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

WEIGHT

43 Pounds

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,
Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal)

- The urinary bladder wall changes in the region of the apex could be consistent with cystitis. However, correlation with clinical findings is recommended.
- The remainder of the abdomen is unremarkable.
- The previously observed changes in the pancreas and spleen are no longer visible.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Loetitia Saint-Jacques, RVT

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

- Follow-up ultrasounds are not indicated unless problems arise.

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Pine Creek VC

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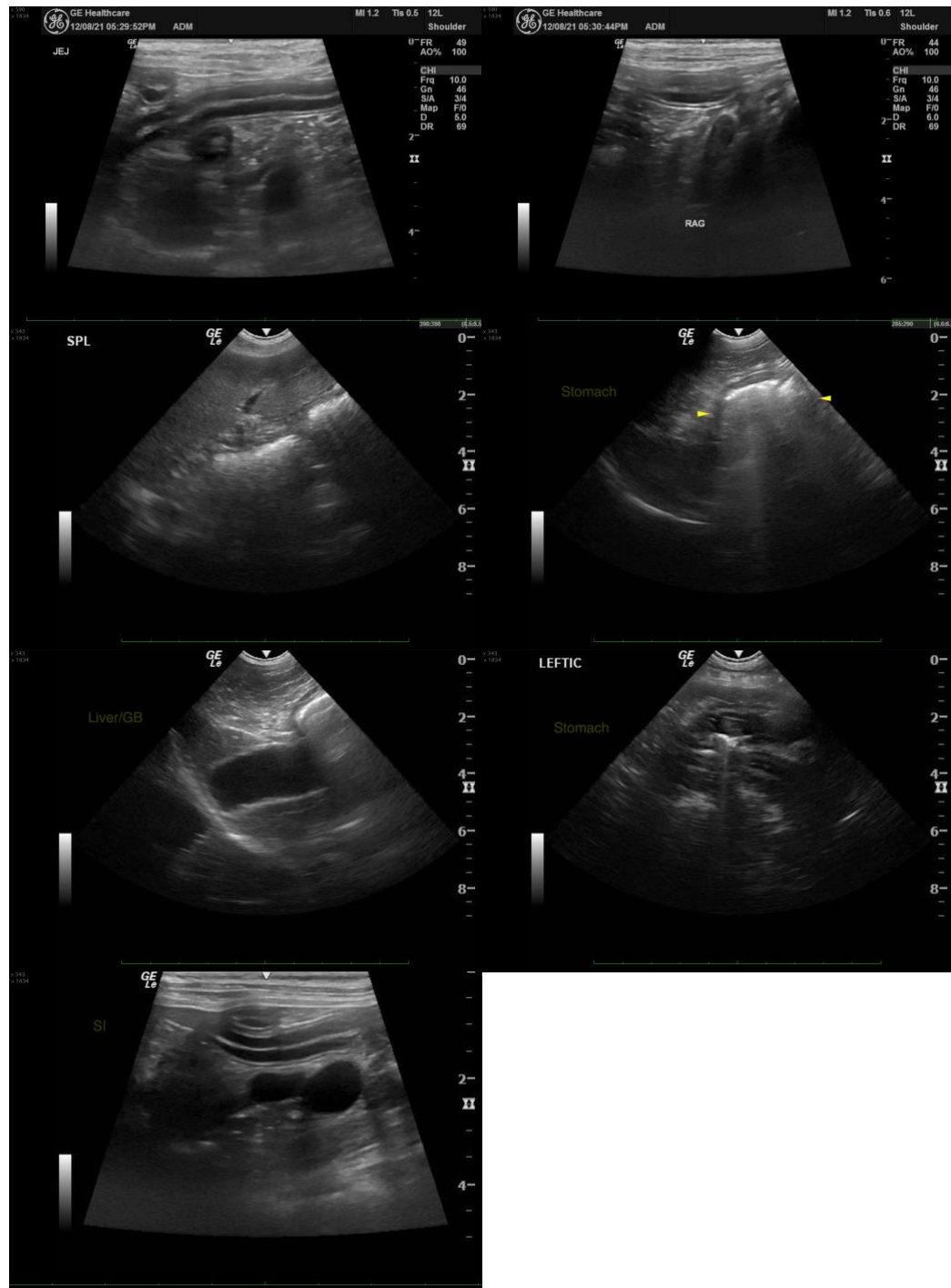
Loetitia Saint-Jacques, RVT

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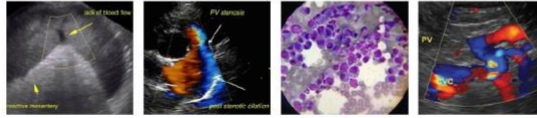
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.



PATIENT

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Oscar Clark

Andrea Nicastro, DVM, Diplomate ACVIM (*Small Animal Internal Medicine*)

SPECIES

andrea_nicastro2@hotmail.com

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