

PATIENT

Pedals Criscenzo

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: several year hx of tentative diagnosis of maldigestion issues. Is on pred and hydrolyzed diet. Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: intestinal/abdominal mass. Went from 8 to 5lbs. CBC/Chem/T4 pending

SPECIES

Feline

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

BREED

DSH

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is mildly distended with anechoic urine. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. Ureteral papillae and visualized portion of the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 2.0 cm, are normal.

SEX

Spayed Female

The left kidney is small in size (2.92 cm in length); with an irregular shape. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. A cortical infarct is observed at the cranial pole. Several non-obstructive nephroliths are visualized. Trace pyelectasia is present. There is no evidence of hydroureter.

AGE

16 Years

The right kidney is small in size (2.80 cm in length); with a normal shape and smooth peripheral contours. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several non-obstructive nephroliths are visualized. Trace pyelectasia is present (0.15 cm in the longitudinal plane). There is no evidence of hydroureter.

WEIGHT

5 Lbs.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.49 cm width), with normal shape and smooth peripheral contours. Several hyperechoic to mineralized foci are visualized within the parenchyma. The remaining parenchymal detail is normal. Surrounding vasculature appears normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DMV,
Diplomate DACVIM
(Small Animal
Internal Medicine)

The region of the right adrenal gland is evaluated. No obvious pathology is observed.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Scott

Spleen

No images provided.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is hypoechoic relative to the spleen with minor changes consistent with age-related remodeling. No focal lesions are observed. Hepatic vasculature and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

HOSPITAL NAME

Ho Ho Kus VH

The gall bladder lumen is mildly distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are mostly anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Eisenberg

Gastrointestinal

The gastric lumen is moderately distended with ingesta. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. A >5 cm segment of small intestine is severely thickened (up to 1.71 cm), hypoechoic and irregular with a mass effect. The mesentery effacing the serosal surface in this region is hyperechoic. The remaining small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern. The ileocecal colic junction and colonic wall are normal. There is no obvious evidence of an obstructive pattern.

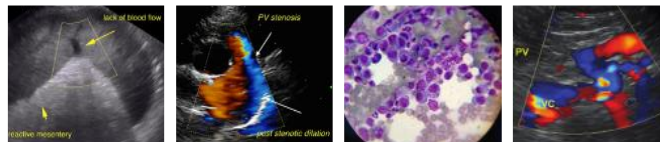
INVOICE

10015

DATE

12/8/21

Pancreas



PATIENT

Pedals Criscenzo

The right limb of the pancreas is visible/prominent with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is hypoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. The pancreatic duct is visible but not overtly dilated. There is no evidence of peripancreatic inflammation or effusion.

SPECIES

Feline

Free Abdomen

Trace free fluid is observed. The mesentery in the cranial- to mid-abdomen is hyperechoic. Several prominent lymph nodes are observed at the mesenteric root, the largest measuring 1.45 cm in length. A few prominent cranial abdominal lymph nodes are also seen.

BREED

DSH

Other

A 4.26 x 2.84 cm heterogenous mass is observed in the mid- to caudal-abdomen, just caudal to the bowel mass.

SEX

Spayed Female

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary Findings

- Large small intestinal mass. Neoplasia (i.e., lymphoma, adenocarcinoma), is considered likely, with lower potential for a severe inflammatory process (i.e., pyogranulomatous).
- The origin of the mid- to caudal-abdominal mass is unclear, and may be arising from lymph node, mesentery, other. Again, neoplasia is suspected.
- The abdominal lymphadenopathy could be consistent with infiltrative neoplasia, reactive lymphadenitis or lymphoid hyperplasia.
- The diffuse peritonitis is likely secondary to the abdominal masses.

AGE

16 Years

WEIGHT

5 Lbs.

Secondary Findings

- The pancreatic changes may be a normal variant for this patient or could be consistent with mild, chronic pancreatitis. Correlation with clinical findings is recommended.
- The hepatic changes are consistent with age-related parenchymal remodeling and are not considered clinically significant at this time.
- Bilateral age-related renal changes with nonobstructive nephrolithiasis with a left-cortical infarct.
- The hyperechoic to mineralized foci within the left adrenal gland likely represent a benign, age-related, incidental finding.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DMV,
Diplomate DACVIM
(Small Animal
Internal Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Scott

HOSPITAL NAME

Ho Ho Kus VH

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Eisenberg

- Three-view thoracic radiographs are recommended to assess for pulmonary metastases.
- Fine-needle aspirates of both masses are recommended if clotting status is appropriate.
- A GI Panel including serum cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI is also recommended.

INVOICE

10015

DATE

12/8/21



PATIENT

Pedals Criscenzo

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

16 Years

WEIGHT

5 Lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DMV,
Diplomate DACVIM
(Small Animal
Internal Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Scott

HOSPITAL NAME

Ho Ho Kus VH

REFERRING VET

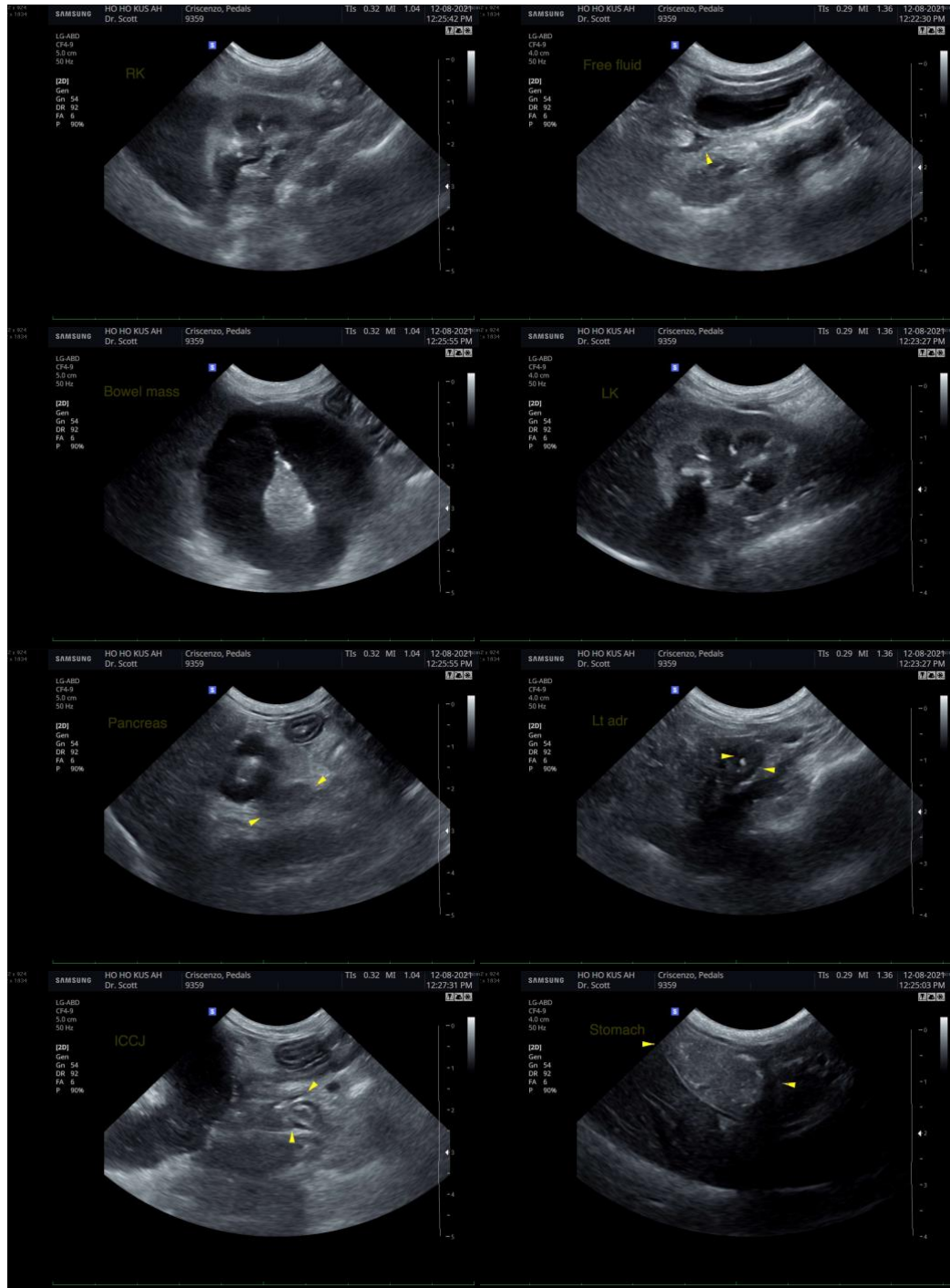
Dr. Eisenberg

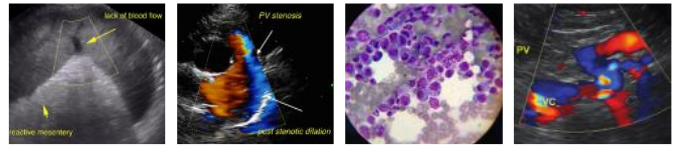
INVOICE

10015

DATE

12/8/21





PATIENT

Pedals Criscenzo

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

16 Years

WEIGHT

5 Lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro, DMV,
Diplomate DACVIM
(Small Animal
Internal Medicine)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Scott

HOSPITAL NAME

Ho Ho Kus VH

REFERRING VET

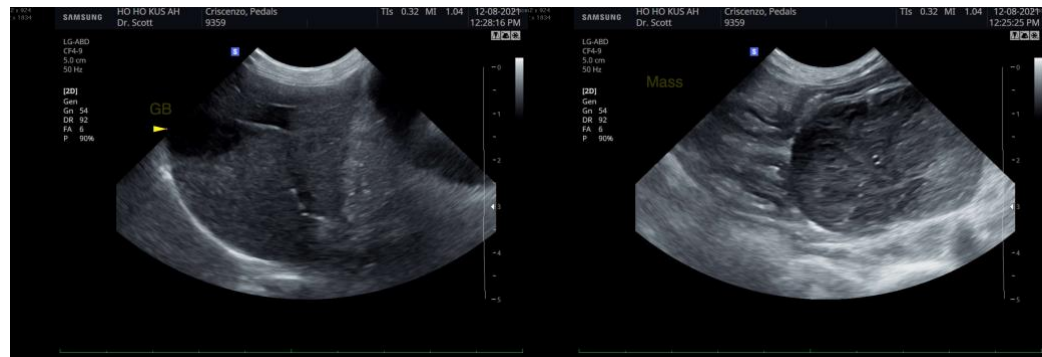
Dr. Eisenberg

INVOICE

10015

DATE

12/8/21



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)
info@SonoPath.com