**PATIENT**

Joey Yaeck

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: V after eating, losing weight, constipation issues

**SPECIES**

Feline

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: grade 2 pansystolic murmur, generalized severe muscle atrophy bsc 4/9, Bloodwork from 12/12/22 cbc- wnl, chem- wnl, t4- wnl, ua- rbc) USG 1.026.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN****BREED**

DSH

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is moderately distended with anechoic urine. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. Ureteral papillae and visualized portion of the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 1-2 cm, are normal.

**SEX**

Neutered Male

The left kidney is normal size (3.46 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. The cortex is hyperechoic. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter.

**AGE**

14 years

The right kidney is normal size (3.19 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. The cortex is hyperechoic. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter.

**WEIGHT**

9.75 lb

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.36 cm width). Normal shape and glandular echogenicity. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,  
Diplomate ACVIM (Small  
Animal Internal Medicine)

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.32 cm width). Normal shape and glandular echogenicity. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Amy Mayhew LVT

**Spleen**

The spleen is normal in size (0.73 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

SVS Imaging Michigan

**Liver**

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy observed.

**REFERRING VET**

Hamilton AH

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal.

**Gastrointestinal**

The stomach and intestine are free of stasis and exhibit normal peristaltic activity. The gastric lumen is not distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The ileocecolic junction and colonic wall are normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.

**INVOICE**

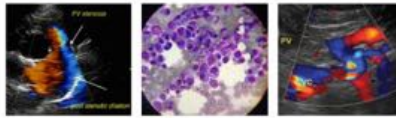
11985

**DATE**

12.29.22

**Pancreas**

The left limb is visible with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is slightly hypoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No focal lesions are observed. The pancreatic duct is



**PATIENT**

not overtly dilated.

Joey Yaeck

**Free Abdomen**

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. One to two prominent mesenteric lymph nodes are visualized (the largest measuring 1.10 cm in length).

**SPECIES**

Feline

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**Primary Findings**

- The pancreatic changes may be a normal variant for this patient or could be consistent with mild, chronic pancreatitis. Correlation with clinical findings is recommended.

\*An obvious cause for the patient's clinical signs is not identified in this study. Differentials include chronic pancreatitis, primary gastrointestinal disease (i.e., food allergy, inflammatory bowel disease, infectious/parasitic disease), underlying metabolic issue, other.

**BREED**

DSH

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**AGE**

14 years

- Given the patient's clinical history, the following diagnostics/therapeutics can be considered:

1. Fecal evaluation for ova and Giardia
2. GI panel including serum cobalamin, folate, TLI and PLI ((Send to Texas A&M).
3. Three-view thoracic radiographs to assess for occult esophageal disease
4. Limited antigen or hydrolyzed protein diet trial
5. Initiation of a probiotic
6. +/- endoscopic or surgical GI biopsies.

**WEIGHT**

9.75 lb

**INTERPRETED BY**

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,  
Diplomate ACVIM (Small  
Animal Internal Medicine)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Amy Mayhew LVT

**HOSPITAL NAME**

SVS Imaging Michigan

**REFERRING VET**

Hamilton AH

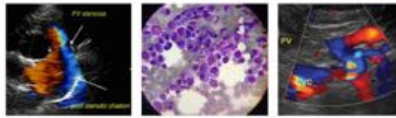
**INVOICE**

11985

**DATE**

12.29.22





**PATIENT**

Joey Yaeck

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

DSH

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

14 years

**WEIGHT**

9.75 lb

**INTERPRETED BY**

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,  
Diplomate ACVIM (Small  
Animal Internal Medicine)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Amy Mayhew LVT

**HOSPITAL NAME**

SVS Imaging Michigan

**REFERRING VET**

Hamilton AH

**INVOICE**

11985

**DATE**

12.29.22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Andrea Nicastro, DVM, Diplomate DACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)  
info@SonoPath.com