



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Cieneya Beretta History: Cutaneous hemangiosarcoma and squamous cell carcinoma excised. Metastasis check.

SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine Urinary System

The urinary bladder wall is normal in thickness. The mucosal surface in the region of the apex is slightly irregular. The bladder is moderately distended. Luminal contents are mostly anechoic. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and visible portion of the proximal urethra are normal.

BREED

Labrador Retr

SEX

Female Spayed

The left kidney is normal in size (6.30 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

AGE

12

The right kidney is normal in size (6.77 cm in length) with a normal shape, architecture and smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with mild to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

WEIGHT

43 lbs

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size (0.59 cm at cranial pole) (0.54 cm at caudal pole) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Andrea Nicastro DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

The right adrenal gland is normal in size (1.03 cm at cranial pole) (0.60 cm at caudal pole) with a normal shape and homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rebecca Hamilton

Spleen

Despite an exhaustive search, the spleen was not definitively visualized in the available images. The region of the splenic fossa is unremarkable.

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Basking Ridge AH

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal curvilinear peripheral contours. The parenchyma is hypoechoic relative to the spleen and slightly mottled in appearance. No distinct focal lesions are observed. Hepatic vasculature and intrahepatic biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Hollo

The gallbladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are mostly anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

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Gastrointestinal

The lumen is not distended. The gastric wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The small intestinal lumen is segmentally gas-distended. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.

DATE

11-19-25

Pancreas

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.



PATIENT

Cieneya Beretta **Lymph Nodes**
 The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

SPECIES

Canine **Free Abdomen**
 The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion.

BREED ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Labrador Retr **Primary Findings**

SEX

Female Spayed

- The hepatic parenchymal changes are nonspecific and could be secondary to age-related parenchymal remodeling, regenerative nodular hyperplasia, an inflammatory hepatopathy (i.e., cholangiohepatitis, chronic hepatitis), hepatotoxicosis (i.e., copper), metastatic disease, fibrosis, and/or other hepatopathy.

AGE

Secondary Findings

12

- Bilateral nonspecific age-related renal changes

WEIGHT

*The spleen was not definitively visualized despite an extensive search. It is unclear whether the patient has had a previous splenectomy.

43 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Andrea Nicastro DVM
 Diplomate ACVIM
 (Sm Animal Internal Med)

Given the patient's clinical history, consider the following:

- Three-view thoracic radiographs are recommended to assess for pulmonary metastases.
- Abdominal CT scan to further evaluate for the presence of a spleen and potential pathology.

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PATIENT

Cieneya Beretta

SPECIES

Canine

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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