
**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Dexter Krukowski  
 History: Recheck scan, persistently elevated liver enzymes currently on denamarin  
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Previous US report attached.

**SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

Canine

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is contracted. The wall is of appropriate thickness for the level of repletion. Luminal contents appear anechoic. No cystic calculi are observed. The region of the trigone and visible portion of the proximal urethra are normal.

BREED

Sheltie

The prostate is normal in size (0.87 cm in width) and shape. Parenchyma is homogenous. The prostatic urethra appears normal without evidence of dilation or obstruction.

SEX

Neutered Male

The left kidney is normal size (4.68 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

AGE

9 years

The right kidney is normal size (3.95 cm in length); normal shape and architecture with smooth peripheral margins. There is a normal 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio with minimal loss of corticomedullary distinction. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

WEIGHT

28 lbs

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland enlarged (0.87 cm at cranial pole) (1.01 cm at caudal pole) (2.37 cm in length); with a slightly irregular shape. The parenchyma is heterogenous with loss of glandular detail. Surrounding vasculature appears normal.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Andrea Nicastro, DVM,  
 Diplomate ACVIM  
 (Small Animal Internal  
 Medicine)

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.90 cm at cranial pole) (0.53 cm at caudal pole) (1.77 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny

**Spleen**

The spleen is normal in size (1.31 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with a normal capsular contour. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No focal lesions are observed. Splenic vasculature is normal.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Maples AH

**Liver**

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative, or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy observed.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Kazienko

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

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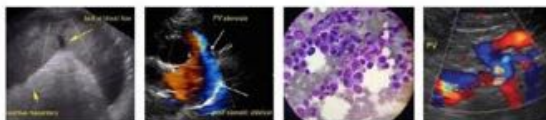
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**Gastrointestinal**

The gastric lumen is mildly distended with ingesta. The gastric wall is normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. There is no evidence of an obstructive pattern.

DATE

11.18.22



**PATIENT**

Dexter Krukowski

**Pancreas**

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Free Abdomen**

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**BREED**

Sheltie

**Primary Findings**

- Unremarkable abdomen. An obvious cause for the patient's elevated liver enzymes is not identified in this study. The differentials will depend on the liver enzyme pattern. However, if the ALT is persistently elevated, an inflammatory process or hepatotoxicosis (i.e., copper) should be considered as top differentials.

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**Secondary Findings**

- The left adrenal gland changes are most consistent with benign hyperplasia. However, an emerging tumor cannot be excluded.

**AGE**

9 years

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Consider laparoscopic or surgical liver biopsies if clotting status is appropriate. If pursued, additional samples should be obtained copper quantitation, and aerobic and anaerobic bile cultures should also be performed. Prior to anesthesia, three-view thoracic radiographs are recommended to assess cardiopulmonary status. In the meantime, the use of antioxidants (i.e., Denamarin, Ursodiol, Vitamin E) can be considered.

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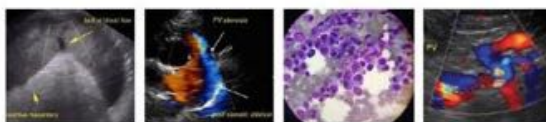
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**PATIENT**

Dexter Krukowski

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Sheltie

**SEX**

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**AGE**

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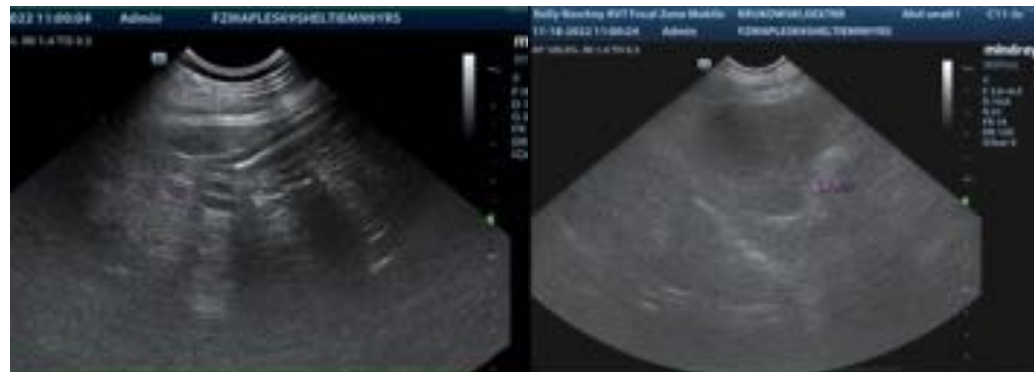
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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