

**DATE**

1/3/2022

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Gastroenteritis (resolved now) - concern for abdominal mass noted on radiographs when screening for foreign material during GI upset.

**PATIENT**

Gabbie Roemer

Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: No previous IntraPet scans.

Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.

Stat Report: Not requested.

Imaging Performed By: Rachel Brillhart, RDMS.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN****BREED**

Mixed Breed

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, and pelvic urethra are normal in thickness and the mucosal surface is smooth. The bladder lumen is moderately distended with anechoic urine. No masses, inflammatory changes or calculi are observed. Ureteral papillae and visualized portion of the proximal urethra, visible to a depth of 2 cm, are normal.

**SEX**

Female, spayed

The left kidney is normal size (7.17 cm in length) with a normal shape, smooth peripheral margins and normal internal architecture. There is mild to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several hyperechoic shadowing diverticular foci are observed. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

**AGE**

5/26/2017

The right kidney is normal in size (7.01 cm in length) with a normal shape, smooth peripheral margins and normal internal architecture. There is mild to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction. Several hyperechoic shadowing diverticular foci are observed. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, infarcts or hydronephrosis. Renal vasculature is normal.

**WEIGHT**

98.4 lbs.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Andrea Nicastrò, DVM,  
 Diplomate ACVIM  
 (Small Animal Internal  
 Medicine)

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland is normal size (0.63 cm at cranial pole) (0.67 cm at caudal pole) (2.39 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Warm &amp; Fuzzy VC

The right adrenal gland is normal size (0.58 cm at cranial pole) (0.55 cm at caudal pole) (2.58 cm in length); normal shape; homogenous parenchyma. The glandular echogenicity and detail are unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition are normal. The phrenicoabdominal vein and surrounding vasculature are normal.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Urie

**Spleen**

The spleen is subjectively prominent in size (3.67 cm in width at the level of the hilus) with slightly swollen peripheral margins and a folded contour. The parenchyma is diffusely mottled with several small ill-defined hypoechoic nodules. Splenic vasculature is normal with no obvious evidence of thrombosis.

**INVOICE**

12765

**Liver**

The liver is subjectively normal in size with normal contours and structure. There is appropriate echogenicity and echotexture. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology is evident. Vascular and biliary tracts are of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. No

pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy observed. The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall is thin and smooth. Luminal contents are anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not seen.

### ***Gastrointestinal***

The stomach and intestine are free of stasis and exhibit normal peristaltic activity. The gastric lumen is not distended. The gastric wall and pylorus are normal in thickness with a normal layering pattern. The pyloric outflow tract is patent. The small intestinal lumen is not dilated. The small intestinal wall thickness is normal with a normal layering pattern and appropriate mural detail. Discreet masses are not identified. The colonic wall is normal. No obstructive disease is noted.

### ***Pancreas***

The region of the pancreas is isoechoic relative to surrounding omental fat. No obvious parenchymal abnormalities are observed. There is no evidence of regional inflammation or effusion.

### ***Free Abdomen***

The peritoneal cavity is normal. There is no evidence of inflammation or effusion. The abdominal lymph nodes are normal/not visible.

### ***Other***

A brief echocardiogram reveals no evidence of pericardial effusion or obvious right atrial/auricular mass.

## **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- The splenic parenchymal changes are non-specific and could be secondary to extramedullary hematopoiesis, lymphoid hyperplasia, emerging neoplasia (i.e., round cell tumor), splenitis, other.
- The remainder of the abdomen is unremarkable.

## **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Consider a fine needle aspirate of the spleen (if clotting status is appropriate). A 25-gauge needle should be used for aspiration.
- If gastrointestinal signs recur, a more advanced GI workup should be considered.



**The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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